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ANOTHER SCHEME

A New Refinery To Start Up In
January In California.

WILL TAKE SOME ISLAND SUGAR

President McKinley Said to Be
Anxious to Settle Hawaiian
Annexation.

The Chronicle of November 10 says: Plans have been perfected and the assurance is given that everything will be in readiness for fighting the sugar trust on January 1st, when the five years' contract of the Hawaiian planters with the Western Sugar Refinery will expire. It will continue to handle that portion of the crop, say from 40,000 to 50,000 tons, which Claus Spreckels can control. Of the remainder of 225,000 tons, 150,000 tons will be placed on the market by the California Beet Sugar and Refining Company, in which Welch & Co., George W. McNear and their friends are the principal elements. Of the 150,000 tons of raw island sugar, 90,000 tons will be sent to New York, where it has already been sold to refineries independent of the trust. The remaining 60,000 tons will be refined at the California Beet Sugar and Refining Company's works at Crockett, on the Straits of Carquinez.

The factory will start up in January and February and run on cane sugar until the sugar beet shall be ready. The capacity of the new refinery is to be 350 tons daily. The building is the old Starr mills, to the upper story of which an addition will be made. The machinery will all be of American manufacture, differing in that respect from the machinery for the Spreckels factory in Salinas, which has been brought from Germany. Already 31 car loads for the Crockett establishment have arrived from Cleveland, O., and 29 more are to come, making a total of 60 car loads of machinery. Outside of the eight plantations controlled by Theodore Davies & Co. and Claus Spreckels, nearly all of the island sugar crop of the Hawaiian Islands, including that of the Hawaiian Commercial Company, of which C. A. and Rudolph Spreckels are the principal owners, will be handled and sold antagonistic to the sugar trust. Already 12 vessels have been chartered to go around the Horn, and arrangements have been made with the railroad companies for transportation of sugar across the continent to New York.

The capital of the California Beet Sugar and Refining Company is \$2,500,000, and employment will be given the year around to 350 men at its Crockett factory. It is estimated that the amount of beets required to supply the capacity of the mill will be 1,000 tons daily for from 100 to 120 days in the year. To furnish this quantity will require the planting of between 7,000 and 8,000 acres, averaging 15 tons to the acre. Contracts for this supply are now being made with reasonable success in spite of obstacles thrown in the way of the enterprise by the members and agents of the sugar trust. Prices for sugar beets are based on 15 per cent. of saccharine mater at \$4 a ton net, delivered at the nearest railroad station or boat landing, the company paying the freight to the factory. For every full degree above 15 per cent. 25 cents additional will be paid, and for every full degree below, down to 10 per cent. 25 cents a ton less will be paid.

TAMMANY HAS IT.

Van Wyck Elected Mayor of Greater New York.

NEW YORK, November 3.—Returns from the State and city elections received today do not change the result announced early last night. Returns from all the counties in the State indicate a plurality of more than 58,000 for Alton B. Parker, Democratic candidate for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals. His plurality in Greater New York is 138,068.

Van Wyck, Tammany candidate for Mayor of New York, has 81,548 plurality over Seth Low and 118,401 over General Tracy. The State Legislature remains Republican. The Senators hold over and the new House of Assembly stands eighty-five Republicans to sixty-eight Democrats. Ten of the newly elected Republican Assemblymen are said to be anti-Platt. In the present Senate the Republican majority is thirty; in the House seventy-eight.

The result of the first municipal election in Greater New York completely reversed the conditions of 1896, when McKinley's plurality in the same territory was 56,865. The plurality of Van Wyck, Tammany candidate for Mayor, is over 81,000, and the entire ticket is elected, with majorities ranging from 70,000 to 100,000. Coler's plurality over Fitch (R.) for Controller is over 100,000. Both Van Wyck and Coler were free silver adherents in 1896.

Such a rush to the polls has never been known except in Presidential years. The total of 567,267 was only 11,475 behind that of 1896.

The vote for Van Wyck is about 44.25 per cent of the total vote cast, or

less than the 45.21 per cent cast for Bryan in 1896 in the same territory. The united vote for Low and Tracy shows 14,127 more than Van Wyck received.

PEACEFUL IN TONE.

Spain's Note to the United States Not
Habit.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—It is stated on good authority that Premier Sagasta's reply to Minister Woodford's note, the full text of which was read at yesterday's Cabinet meeting, is eminently satisfactory to this Government. In it the Spanish Ministry pledges itself to correct the abuses of power in Cuba, which was the subject of so much complaint during the Weyler administration, and gives assurance of its friendly feeling toward the American people. It accepts our good offices in its efforts to restore peace in Cuba, and in a perfectly respectful and friendly spirit asks this Government so far as possible to restrain the insurgent sympathizers in the United States from giving material aid to the enemies of Spain in Cuba. The reply intimates that but for the assistance that has been given them by filibusters from the United States peace would have been restored long ago.

It is evident that the reply has made a favorable impression upon President McKinley and the members of the Cabinet and it is not unlikely that one of the features of his forthcoming message to Congress will be a discussion of the Cuban situation from which it will appear that there is nothing in the situation to justify present interference on the part of the United States.

OKUMA RESIGNS.

Minister to Russia Takes a Place in
Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—United States Minister Buck at Tokio has cabled the Department of State that the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs resigned Sunday and Baron Nishi has been appointed his successor.

The Japanese Legation received fuller information of the Cabinet changes in Japan than those cabled by Minister Buck. Minister Okuma is succeeded as Minister of Foreign Affairs by Baron Nishi. Count Okuma also held the portfolio of agriculture and commerce, and in this he is succeeded by M. Hamouli.

These changes are said to have no significance on foreign questions, and to be the result of international political considerations. Baron Nishi, the new Minister of Foreign Affairs, was formerly Minister to St. Petersburg, and is one of the most accomplished diplomats in Japan.

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY.

President Anxious to Have It Out of
the Way Early.

NEW YORK, November 8.—A Tribune Washington special says: Some importance is attached to the arrival of J. B. Castle, the new secretary to the Hawaiian Legation, who was presented to President McKinley today. Castle belongs to the family of that name all of whose members are active annexationists. No secret is made of President McKinley's desire to have the Hawaiian treaty taken up as soon as the Senate meets, with a view of its early ratification. It is not unlikely that the President will urge this course in his message.

The feeling in Administration circles is that the Cuban question is a continuing one, and that a crisis may be reached in this country's relations with Spain before the new year is well advanced is back to the wish to have the Hawaiian matter settled.

BIG STEAMERS FOR ALASKA.

Company Headed by Cramp to Run
Boats to St. Michael.

PHILADELPHIA, November 4.—A line of first-class steamships to the Klondike has been organized in this city, with Charles H. Cramp, of the shipbuilding firm of that name, as president. There will be five vessels in all, and the first will start in April, clearing from New York or Philadelphia and stopping at San Francisco and Seattle. Each of these ships will accommodate about 400 first-class passengers and several hundred second class. They will make connections with railroads on the Pacific and with transportation boats in the cold regions, while for the accommodation of passengers from abroad arrangements will be made with the American line, so that a gold seeker from the other side may buy a through ticket from Southampton to Dawson City.

MAY YET BE A TREATY.

Pauncetote to Confer With Secretary
Sherman.

WASHINGTON, November 4.—Sir Julian Pauncetote, the British Ambassador, who is just back from London, probably will confer with Secretary Sherman at an early day concerning the reopening of negotiations for an Anglo-American treaty of arbitration. Mr. Sherman made known to the British authorities that the President would view with favor a reopening of the negotiations and was hopeful that a peace treaty would be secured. Since then Sir Julian has visited London and has had an opportunity to learn the opinion of the Foreign Office, as well as British feeling on the subject. All tendencies on that side are favorable to arbitration.

THIRD TO KILL.

Brazil's President Saved by His Brother.

NEW YORK, November 5.—A cable to the Herald from Rio Janeiro says: An attempt was made today to assassinate the President of Brazil, Dr. Prudente de Moraes. The President's brother, an army officer, was probably mortally wounded while shielding the chief executive from a soldier's dagger. General Machado Bethancourt, Minister of War, who was of the President's party, was shot and killed.

Rio Janeiro is now under martial law, every soldier having been ordered to arms, as it is feared that another revolution is at hand. The attempt to kill the President and the killing of the Minister of War, it is believed, were the acts of monarchial sympathizers. Another theory is that they were the results of the intense feeling aroused by the proposed arbitration treaty with France.

BLANCO BEGINS HIS WORK.

Efforts Made to Believe Distress in
Cuba.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Senator Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish Minister, has received the following cable message from General Blanco, Governor-General of Cuba: "Reconcentrados—extensive zones of cultivation—have been organized, daily rations are provided by the state; work is furnished, and they will be well treated and can be employed by the planters. They have free transportation, and are protected in every way. Provincial protective committees have been formed, and have already entered upon their functions; they will continue being organized in the remaining provinces, with the object of procuring the necessary relief funds. Subscriptions have been set on foot to relieve first necessities. Everything that is humanly possible is being done."

"Grinding—An edict was published today not only granting permission to grind sugar, but advising that this be done, and offering the necessary military and civil protection. Not a moment is lost in attending to all immediate needs, which form the object of my personal attention. It is impossible to do more than I have done in the time that has elapsed. BLANCO."

TO COURT MARTIAL WEYLER.

Spain's Cabinet Comes to That De-
cision.

MADRID, November 5.—The Spanish Government as a result of the deliberations of the Ministers over the utterances of General Weyler, the former Captain-General of Cuba, has come to the decision to try him by court martial, no matter where he lands, if he confirms the accuracy of the press reports of his utterances. The commanding officers at all the ports of the Spanish kingdom have been instructed to demand of General Weyler the moment he can be communicated with the exact terms of the speech which he delivered in reply to the manifestation at Havana for Spain on Sunday.

The steamer Montserrat, on which General Weyler sailed for Spain, reached Gibarra on the northwest coast of Cuba Wednesday with her engines disabled, and may be compelled to return to Havana, in which case it is not unlikely that there will be interesting developments.

Trainer Goes to United States.

WASHINGTON, November 8.—The authorities here have been advised that the arrival tomorrow of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, Sir Louis Davies, Minister of Marine in the Laurier Cabinet, and other officials of the Dominion, is to have an important bearing not only on the Behring sea settlement, but on all the pending questions which have been sources of international complication between the United States and Canada, namely the passage of alien labor to and from Canada, the North Atlantic fisheries question, the presence of many Americans in the Klondike territory belonging to Canada and in the mining regions of British Columbia, the fisheries trouble along the Great Lakes, the bonding privilege granted Canadian railroads, the controversy over the rights in the Fraser river, British Columbia and in Puget Sound, and also the question of a reciprocity arrangement between the United States and Canada.

TO INVESTIGATE TURKEY.

New York Herald Invited to Send a
Man.

NEW YORK, November 6.—On the invitation of the Sultan of Turkey, the Herald has sent an independent, fearless and intelligent commissioner to investigate the condition of Christian subjects in the Turkish empire and the truth or falsity of the reports of Armenian massacres.

To take the lead in the work the Herald has selected Rev. George H. Hepworth, and he is now on his way to Anatolia, where, with thoroughly competent assistance, he will devote himself to the investigation. The Sultan agrees that the Herald's representative shall be absolutely untrammelled.

Change in England's Cabinet.

LONDON, November 10.—The Financial Post professes to know that the Marquis of Salisbury is about to resign the Foreign Secretaryship in favor of the Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary of State for War, retaining, however, the Premiership.

An Anti-Football Ordinance.

CHICAGO, November 9.—Alderman Plake, the author of the theater-bus ordinance, will introduce at a special meeting of the City Council called for this afternoon a measure to prohibit the playing of football anywhere within the limits of the city of Chicago.

Pacific Mail Meeting.

NEW YORK, November 8.—A meeting of the directors of the Pacific Mail

has been called for the 17th inst., when a successor will be chosen to fill the vacancy in that board caused by the death of Joseph Richardson. Charles H. Macy of Coster, Macy & Co. is mentioned as the new director.

ENGLAND'S POLICY IN INDIA.

Present Movement Really Designed to
Check Russia's Advance.

LONDON, November 10.—Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India, in a speech at Acton tonight, defended the "forward" policy pursued in India during recent years against attacks lately made upon it by John Morley, Herbert Asquith and other Liberal leaders. He justified this policy on the ground that while checking the Russian advance toward India, it enabled Russia and Great Britain to arrive at an amicable understanding by which their respective frontiers and spheres of influence were being fixed, each recognizing that there was ample room in Asia for the legitimate expansion of both empires.

TALKS IN MEETING

Speeches by Messrs. Pettigrew and Dubois.

Senator Says "Kanalua" in an
Interview Here—Idaho Gentle-
man Speaks Positively.

Senator Pettigrew and Mr. Dubois looked a bit travel worn as they walked down the gangway of the Kinau yesterday afternoon. However, they were greatly pleased with the trip. The gentlemen at once proceeded to the Hawaiian hotel. Later they were guests of American Minister Sewall at a dinner and a theater party. The visitors leave Hawaii by the Gaelic.

It was reported by the Kinau that Mr. Dubois made an anti-annexation address at Hilo. Senator Pettigrew was pleasant as ever, when approached for a newspaper talk. He remarked that all that had passed at Hilo meetings had been taken down in shorthand. Then he disposed for that occasion of discussion or consideration of the leading question in these words: "You can say for me on the annexation question that I don't know now whether I will vote against the bill in the Senate or for it. I have not made up my mind."

"What do you think of the big island, of Pearl harbor?"
"I have been very much impressed indeed with the island of Hawaii, as well as with what I have seen of Oahu outside of Honolulu. The harbor right here appears to me to be quite available and of pretty good size."

"I have been very much impressed with what I have seen on this voyage of the Kinau. Hawaii is very rich in natural resources, is capable of much development. The possibilities are much greater indeed than I had ever supposed."

A meeting was held in a Hilo church while the big Americans were in the Rainy City. It was for their special benefit. Somewhat guarded remarks were made by Senator Pettigrew. On the other hand ex-Senator Dubois was outspoken in his opposition to annexation.

(Special Correspondence.)

Hilo, November 17.

By request of the native Hawaiians, Senator R. F. Pettigrew, of S. Dakota, and ex-Senator Fred. T. Dubois, of Idaho, attended the Haili native church this morning, to listen to their ideas on the annexation question.

The Rev. S. L. Desha, pastor of the Haili church, acted as interpreter for the natives, of whom there were about four or five hundred present. Among the Hawaiian speakers was one lady. They all strongly protested against the annexation of the Islands by the United States. "They had always looked upon the United States as their Father; it was the first power that gave them independence, and they have always looked upon it as a land of justice, and they now look to the United States to protect them a father would his child."

Senator Pettigrew then spoke as follows:

"We came to your Islands for the purpose of ascertaining what the people who live in this country thought about the question of annexation of the Islands, and also to see what we thought about the desirability of annexing these Islands, if we found the people wanted them annexed on the part of the United States. I have tried to talk with everyone who would talk with us on both sides of this question, and ascertain the views of your people. Much misrepresentation has been made in the United States with regard to how the native Hawaiian looked upon this question. I had supposed when I came that many of your people were in favor of annexation, because it had been so represented, but I have talked with everyone who would talk with me, and I have failed to find a native Hawaiian who was not opposed to annexation to the United States and in favor of your own Government. (Applause.)"

"It will do you no good for me to talk with you. Of course I think it may do you more good for you to talk to me. That is what I came here for, therefore it is unnecessary for me to make a speech. I think you are all of one mind anyhow; and I think you should have a voice in the matter of the Government of these Islands; that is a matter of justice."

"I shall tell what I have seen and what I have heard in the Senate of the United States this winter when this question comes up. I should do that even if I were opposed to what you want done, but I am not opposed to it." (Great applause.)
Following are the remarks of Senator Dubois:
"We are very much pleased to meet so many native people; and this demonstration so early in the morning is sufficient testimony to any unbiased mind as to the sentiment of these people. I can readily understand how Americans who are lovers of justice and patriots can come to the Hawaiian Islands, spend a month in Honolulu, entertained by white people, seeing none except white people, I can understand why they being great men and patriots can go off to their own country and be in favor of annexing these Islands to the United States. I can understand how they can spend one day in Honolulu, be entertained at the club, to lunch, and driven around through the city by the officials of this Republic, this grand Republic of yours and then go away in favor of annexing these Islands."

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"Senator Pettigrew, who by the way is very modest, but who will be your great champion in this fight, is a born investigator, and wanted to ascertain through personal observation what the feelings of your people were on this subject. In my judgment no fair man who was not actuated by personal considerations of some kind could go among the people of these Islands and then deliberately go back to the great American people and say to them: 'We after acquiring our rights of property in this beautiful land, now ask you to aid us in taking them away from these people against their will.'"

"You may have been faulty in the administration of your Government, you may have committed many acts of injustice. I think if that is so that the last four or five years will have had a chastening effect upon you. I believe you will learn much from this experience, these trials and tribulations you have gone through. So far as I am concerned, unless I mistake human-nature, you will be a much better Government after this than you were before; but whether you are or not; this is your land, it belongs to you, and so long as you are fair, so long as you treat those whom you have invited to come among you with fairness these lands belong to you, and you are responsible to your God and yourselves for the way in which you take care of them. (Applause.)"

"The people of the United States are fair and just. They are working out the greatest problem ever presented to civilization. They stand between Europe and Asia."

"With this tremendous task which they have imposed upon themselves, you can easily see that the best thought, the best energies, the best ability, of all men who are worthy to be American citizens must be devoted to working out the salvation of our own country. They have very little opportunity to study questions which do not strictly concern them, and in consequence in regard to this matter which is vital to you our people, as a rule, are not informed at all. As Senator Pettigrew most truthfully remarked, there is a very general impression throughout the United States that the Hawaiian people themselves desired to become a portion of the United States. As I said: they are essentially a fair and a just people, and they are working out this problem of civilization; and in my judgment when they understand what the people here want, they will not turn aside from their great task to go 5,000 miles to rob a kind and gentle and humane people of their land. (Great applause.)"

"We are glad to have had this opportunity of meeting so many of you, and our advice would be this, and this only: Do all that you can to inform the people of the United States of what you yourselves want, then you can rest content that the people of the United States will do you equal and exact justice."

LIVELY BIDDING.

Successful Sale of Crown China
and Glassware.

Jas. F. Morgan had to close the front doors of his establishment yesterday afternoon to arrange for delivery of goods sold at the auction of royal chattels. There was a big crowd and lively bidding from 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. The sale will be continued this morning, when it is likely, judging from yesterday's sale, that everything will be disposed of at good prices. Theo. H. Davies and H. F. Wichman were among the heaviest buyers yesterday. Mr. Davies paid \$800 for two large candelabra and the Fort street jeweler has dozens and dozens of plates and much glassware. The plates brought from \$6 to \$10 each. Little wine glasses were eagerly snapped up at \$1 each and decanters of common glass, with the Kalakaua stamp went readily at \$5 to \$10.

The Government is quite well satisfied with the progress of the sale. The sale will be continued this morning.

More Witnesses.

Deputy Sheriff Coney came on the James Makee from Kauai yesterday morning with the following additional witnesses in the Smith murder case: Ieie, grandfather of Pua, the girl concerned in the case and father to Pau-pau, the woman sent to the leper settlement Kalahele whose house is close to that of Raimbun, one of the men on trial; ex-Deputy Sheriff Hupa, who was recently dismissed from police service and who is a relative of Kapea, accused of murder; also his wife, Waihanua, Joe Akina Nakai Pahu-lama, and two Japanese.

100 WERE CALLED

Of the Number 12 Selected for Jury Service.

MISSSES SMITH ARE EXAMINED

After the Shooting, Accused Offer Condolences—Cross Examination—Case Continues.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

S. K. Aki, plumber.
 Alex. George, formerly with the water works department.
 Wm. Chapman, bicycle repairer.
 Jos. Kekipi, bookbinder.
 Thos. Hennessey, clerk and printer, formerly in Board of Health office.
 J. Koo, employe Consolidated Soda Water Works Company.
 J. N. Taylor, wheelwright with Wright brothers.
 John Bright, musician, formerly luna in road department.
 J. Akina, hackman, ex-police officer.
 Geo. Cypher, mechanic, with Mueller, the gun and lock smith.
 E. S. Holt, formerly customs guard.
 Chas. Broad, laborer in Lewers & Cooke's lumber yard.

Above is the list of the twelve men constituting the Hawaiian jury to try Kapea, Kaio, Upapa and George Rathburn, charged with the assassination of Dr. J. K. Smith, of Kauai. There had been summoned from Monday morning to 8:45 last evening 100 veniremen. Twenty-four of the number had not been called to the box. The defense used about a dozen of the forty-eight peremptory challenges allowed by law. The State's attorneys had used but one of twenty-four. All the other talesmen excused had been sent away "for cause."

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The trial of Kapea, Kaio, Upapa and Rathburn was continued at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The Government presented its case outlining the course which it would pursue in the case. At 11 o'clock the first witness was called when the defense asked that a recess be had until 2 o'clock. The Court granted the request. The Court convened again at 2 o'clock. During the recess a diagram of the Smith premises had been placed in position to be easily seen by the witnesses and the jury. A map of the surrounding district was also shown.

Miss Emma Smith was the first witness for the prosecution. She was shown the diagram of the Smith property and stated that the rooms and arrangement of the grounds as displayed was correct. She told what members of the household were present on the night of the 24th of September. She then described the custom of the doctor in dispensing medicines. He had an office in the yard separated from the rest of the ground by a fence. At night he occupied his room at the end of the building and answered night calls from that room. He often dispensed medicines from his room also.

Miss Smith described in detail the arrangement of the two gates leading to the main highway, the location of the hedge and the distances between her room and the room occupied by her brother. Miss Smith's room is on the front of the house, while that occupied by Dr. Smith was in the ell of the house. Both opened on the veranda and were at right angles to each other. The distance between the doors is 15 feet.

Miss Smith stated that on the night Dr. Smith was murdered both she and her brother retired at exactly ten minutes before 10 o'clock. She looked at a clock just at that time. Just after the clock struck ten she heard a rap on the steps of the veranda leading to her brother's room and not more than ten feet away. Dr. Smith asked who was there and this was followed by a sort of grunt. She heard her brother step to the door and open the shutters. The opening of the shutters and a pistol shot were almost instantaneous. Her brother uttered a loud cry, there was the sound of hurrying footsteps on the veranda and her brother fell against the shutters.

Miss Smith stated that she ran to him and found him standing by the door but leaning over. He fell to the floor unconscious and died shortly after she returned from calling her sister, Miss Juliette Smith.

In cross-examination, Mr. Rosa asked if she would be willing to entertain the idea that her brother committed suicide? Miss Smith replied that she would not entertain any such idea. Miss Juliette Smith retold the events of Friday night, September 24. She testified that she heard the shot, a cry and the sound of horses leaving the premises through the mauka gate, although the mauka gate is nearer the steps to the doctor's room.

Miss Smith testified that both Kaio and Upapa came to the house on the Saturday following the murder; that they both deplored the death of Dr. Smith and went profusely. Kaio spoke of Dr. Smith's visit to his house and said that he hoped the new cure

for leprosy which the Government was investigating would prove effective. Upapa also condoled with them and wondered who could possibly have committed the deed.

Miss Smith testified that Kapea was familiar with the premises as he had formerly worked for the doctor. The others knew the grounds as they had often been there for medicine. George Rathburn stopped at the veranda one day and expressed sorrow for the deed and wondered who could have killed her brother. Miss Smith stated that she replied that the police said that they were on the trail of the murderers. She testified that Rathburn then said that they would surely be captured then. The various routes leading from Dr. Smith's residence along the Government road and to the home of Kalo were examined in detail. Miss Smith also testified that when George Rathburn talked with her



KAPEA.
(Principal Defendant).

concerning the murder he appeared frightened, that he had an expression on his face which she had never seen before and she wondered at the time why he should be afraid. This was before his arrest.

Shortly after 6 o'clock the Court adjourned to 9 o'clock this morning.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Report of Hawaiian Bradstreets for Nov. 15.

Issued Every Fortnight—Trade Conditions—Credit—Sugar Stocks. Money—Real Estate.

Following are the principal points in the fortnightly Hawaiian Bradstreet's for November 15:

Still we are unable to chronicle any great change in the commercial situation. In general we may say that the word "quiet" may rightly be used when speaking of the present commercial activity. Prices are firm and the volume of business shows scarcely any increase from that of our last report. Preparations for the holiday trade are being made on quite an extensive scale. New goods in staples and novelties coming in by every carrier from California. In dry goods lines there is one class of goods namely, new patterns in dress goods, that is meeting with ready sale, even to a degree surprising when compared with other lines.

The credit system so long prevailing; at this time is especially condemned as collections prove hard and slow.

The new firm of A. E. Murphy & Co. will open in the Arlington block as soon as their boot and shoe stock is ready on the shelves.

The outlook is good for a busy season and the end of this year and the beginning of the next will undoubtedly prove satisfactory.

Blackley has cleared and the mysterious departure of S. J. MacDonald is town talk. "I was a stranger and ye took me in," are words that at this time, are running in the public mind with several transpositions.

Keep your eyes open for the next arrival. And, by the way, who will be the next to go?

Six new firms opened as many places of business in two weeks.

Stocks.—The interest in sugar stock has not abated, through transfers just as this moment are not so numerous or in such large amounts as has been the case previously. The investor will not sell and the speculator for the most part is waiting. Prices remain firm with a slight upward tendency. Considerable advances have been made in the price of some of the higher rated stocks.

Real estate.—The demand is good, but the available supply of the right kind of property comes forward so slowly, with the tendency to hold for future gains, limits the volume of exchanges. Prices remain at a good figure, with no prospects of a drop.

Financial.—Money rates show no marked change. Borrowers find no difficulty in raising funds on good security at low interest.

Eight building permits were issued in two weeks.

One patent has been filed. It is No. 133, to Sam'l B. Allison, New Orleans and is called "an improvement in machinery and process for separating and cleaning fibre."

Guatemala Seeks Aid.

One of the leading coffee planters of Guatemala has written to Jos. Marsden lodging a pressing request for the aid of the writer and of several of his neighbors is overrun with a blight similar to that which appeared here several years ago and was put to flight by the Australian insects introduced

by Professor Koebele. The Guatemalan planters were referred to Mr. Marsden by Professor Howard, an entomologist at Washington and will be given relief at once.

Thanksgiving Service.

Thursday, November 25th, being the day set apart for thanksgiving, the second congregation of St. Andrew's Cathedral will hold a special service on that day in the morning at 10 o'clock. The Rev. Alex. Mackintosh will be in charge and the choir of ladies and gentlemen will render the following program of music:

Organ prelude..... Westbrook
 Festival responses Tallis
 Venite in G..... Turlis
 Te Deum in F..... Vogrich
 Jubilate in G..... Holden
 Anthem—"Sing and be joyful"..... Hall
 Hymn—We plough the fields and scatter.
 Hymn—Now thank we all our God.
 Organ postlude—Harvest Thanksgiving March..... Calkin

Remembers His Writing

The late Justice C. C. Harris, who was a prominent man in the Government here for many years, is best remembered here for many years, is best remembered by Capt. J. H. Black for peculiarities in penmanship. The veteran printer says the writing of the official was something wonderful and puzzling to look upon and mastered only after long and faithful study. Captain Black relates an instance of a strange "typo" who ran across C. C. Harris' name written in article by the gentleman himself and set it up "44 horses."

"Jack" Was Loaded.

A stout, handsome young man at the Australia yesterday afternoon seemed to have more than his share of leis and bouquets. He was fairly loaded with flowers and malle. This striking figure was "Jack" Walbel, who declined a Government billet lately and who goes to San Francisco to arrange for the establishment here of a very extensive agency of prominent Coast firms.

No Pardons.

It was definitely stated at the Executive Building yesterday that there would be no issuance of pardons on this approaching Thanksgiving Day. No meeting of the Council of State has been held to consider applications or cases. The President is out of town and will be for a couple of weeks yet. There is not time now to pass upon petitions and confer with the Chief Executive by mail even if a movement were started by officials.

Goes to College.

Pat Gleason, the base ball and football player and winner of the Greenhorn bicycle race at Cyclomere left for the States by the Australia yesterday. He is to enter Stockton business college for the course and will have time to take some part in the athletic programs of the place. Pat Gleason is an island boy of more than average intelligence and promise and hundreds of friends will wish him well for the future.

Reports on Kona.

W. H. Hoogs, who has been studying coffee culture for several years, returned by the Mauna Loa from the Kona district. While enjoying the delightful climate of that section, Mr. Hoogs gathered notes on the condition and prospects of the coffee plantations. He interviewed a large number of those having holdings. This information will be turned over to the American Consul-General to be embodied in an official report.

Ewa Stockholders.

All the officers of the Ewa Plantation Company that served last year were re-elected at an annual meeting held Tuesday. After routine business was disposed of the proposal to increase or double the capital stock was introduced. There was a clear majority against this, but it is to be considered at a special meeting that will be held between the middle and end of next month.

Old Inhabitant Explains.

There has been so much rain in Kona lately that the people of that place have been wondering as to the cause. No solution had been reached until just lately, when a resident volunteered the information that the rain was the result of the recent charges of giant powder that have been fired in making the new road.

Thompson Waives.

In the Police Court yesterday morning, Jack Thompson waived examination on the charge of burglary and was committed by Judge Wilcox to the February term of the Circuit Court. Thompson has not yet secured the services of an attorney.

Will Move Into Town.

Princess Kalulani will probably move up from Waikiki to Washington Place, Beretania street next week. This will be as an accommodation to the people who cannot go as far as "Alinahau" to call on her.

HOW TO CURE BILIOUS COLIC.

I suffered for weeks with colic and pains in my stomach, caused by biliousness, and had to take medicine all the while until I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy which cured me. I have since recommended it to a good many people. Persons who are subject to bilious colic can ward off the attack by taking this remedy as soon as the first symptoms appear. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

HIT HARD.

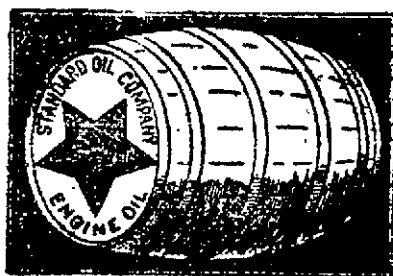
Police Officers Severely Punished for an Assault.

Kalii, an old police officer was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday morning on the charge of assault and battery on F. Maurer of the Australia. He plead guilty and was thereupon fined \$50 and costs, a pretty stiff penalty under the circumstances, considering the fact that many people come into Court on the same charge and are hardly ever given such a fine. Judge Wilcox meant this as an object lesson for the good of the police officers at large. Besides being fined, Kali lost his job and is now looking around for another.

A wager was made last night that Manoa would do his record mile in better than 2 minutes.



High Grade Lubricating OILS.



ATLANTIC RED ENGINE.

Especially Adapted to Centrifugal Machinery and High Speed Engines.

CAPITOL CYLINDER.

For Cylinders, Etc.

CASTOR MINERAL.

For Steam Pumps.

SUMMER BLACK.

For Car Boxes, Etc.

—ALSO—

Coal Tar, Stockholm Tar, Fire Clay.

DIXON'S : GRAPHITE.

GRAPHITE COMPOUND.

For Bearings.

DIXON'S BELT DRESSING.

Containing nothing injurious to the leather; Strengthens it and prevents from slipping.

GRAPHITE PAINT.

For Iron Roofs, Smokestacks, Boilers, All iron-work exposed to heat or wet; Also for exposed wood-work, such as bridges, houses, piles, etc.

Color Cards and Directions on application.

GRAPHITE is one of the purest forms of carbon and is impervious to heat, cold, alkali, salt air, acids and rust, and it is claimed will last longer than any other paint.



Baking powder at 25 cents or 30 cents a pound never ought to have been sold, because good baking powder is cheaper—does more for the money.

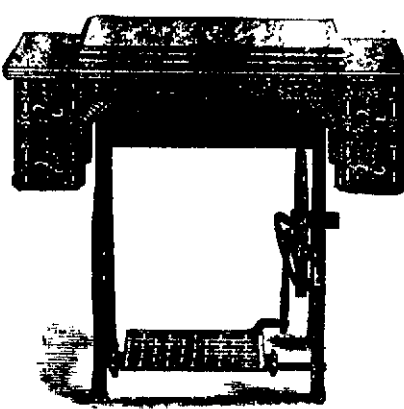
But now as the good times are coming back—as the newspapers say—the excuse for cheap baking powders is even less than ever.

Your money back if you don't like *Schilling's Best*—at your grocer's.

We Don't Want Your Money!

Your Promise to Pay

A LITTLE EVERY MONTH Is what we would like.



BUY A SEWING MACHINE

On the Instalment Plan. We are Sole Agents for the two Best Makes, viz:

"WHEELER & WILSON" AND THE "DOMESTIC." Both of which we Guarantee.

All kinds of Machine Needles and Machine Parts kept in stock or imported to order.

Honolulu.

L. B. KERR, Sole Agent.

California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
 Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.
 J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials! OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, <A> FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC

Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and of excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED.
 A SUPPLY OF THE

SPECIAL IMPROVED

Aluminum Cane Knife

Which we have had manufactured for this market. It is light, well balanced, and specially tempered. The great success attained by the

NEW IMPROVED

Planters' Hoe

Gives us confidence to recommend this new Cane Knife. We have lately received a large supply of Carpenter's and Mechanics' Tools, Shelf Hardware, Portable Forges, Anvils, Vises, Road Scrapers; Stone, Blacksmith and Drill Hammers, Etc. Also a line of

Toledo Razor-Blade Pocket Knives.

KINDLY CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

PACIFIC HARDWARE Co., LD.

Catton, Neill & Co.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,

213 QUEEN ST. (Between Alakea and Richards Sts.) HONOLULU,

Invite Enquiries for General Ironwork.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS. SHIPS' BLACKSMITHING. Repairs Will Be Promptly Attended to.

—TELEPHONE NO. 410—

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

E. P. DOLE'S IDEAS

The Deputy Attorney-General to
a U. S. Senator.

GENUINE AMERICANISM HERE

Manifest in All Things—Situation of
Islands—Varied Products—Clima-
mate and Natives.

Following is nearly all of a letter from Deputy Attorney-General Dole to Senator Chandler, not written for publication, but given in the Springfield Republican:

Dear Sir:—I know you will vote and use your influence for annexation; I only want to stir you up a little, that's all. I wish you could visit these beautiful islands, situated at the cross-roads of the north Pacific, commanding, as they will, the commerce of the future between America, Asia and the British colonies, and being, as they are, the strategic point for naval power in this part of the world. I wish you could sail with me in Pearl harbor in the president's little yacht, the Bonnie Dundee. I would not object if you could be aground there all night, as I was last summer, and contemplate how this harbor gives the naval power which holds it command of the great Pacific ocean. I wish you could see how intensely American the Americans are here; what interest they take and have always taken in all that pertains to the great republic. I do not know that it is a politic thing to say, but I wish you could see how intelligent they are as a class, for then you would know they are the kind of stuff the G. O. P. is made of. I wish you could see how enthusiastically American holidays are kept here. I wish you could understand how much we want the long, strong arm of Uncle Sam in our struggle for free, good government.

The civilization here is American, the laws are American, the schools are American, the institutions are American. The people who have shaped the destinies of this country for the past 60 years have been Americans by birth or parentage, and of an exceptionally high class. The capital invested here is chiefly American. Our business interests are mainly with America. There is no reason why these islands should not be represented one of these days by as bright a star as there is in the American flag, with a history to be as proud of as that of New Hampshire or Massachusetts. The truth is we have it already. The spirit of 1776 has burned as brightly here as ever it did at Concord or Lexington or Bunker Hill.

Our interest in annexation is the sentiment which a child has for a parent. America is our mother in everything here that makes for civilization. We want, too, the stable government which as you know, is a difficult thing to maintain permanently in a very small country, isolated from other countries, with a mixed population and liability to foreign entanglements and the greed of greater nations for increased territory and power. That is the chief reason we want annexation.

If the intelligent, thinking, unprejudiced men of the United States could see things as they are here and could look into the future a little way, I do not believe there is one in a hundred of them who would not vote for annexation from an American standpoint.

We buy American goods. Our products do not interfere with American industries. We do not raise more than 10 or 12 per cent of the sugar consumed in the United States. The sugar crop of Louisiana is only a small fraction of the sugar consumed in the United States. The best sugar industry of the United States could not supply the demand for many years to come, and as it increases, the population and consumption will increase. Our sugar does not interfere with the sugar interests of the United States, and for many purposes beet sugar and cane sugar are not rivals.

Our coffee industry is prosperous, rapidly growing, and promises to equal the sugar industry in course of time. It does not come into competition with anything in the United States. It is an occupation in which small farmers can engage. It would do some of the men good who are freezing their hides off on New Hampshire hill farms to come out here and keep warm all the year round, and make a little money at the same time.

The fruits which we raise and which, with regular and fast steamship lines, could be exported in the United States, are tropical in character and would not come into competition with the fruits raised there.

There is no finer climate on earth than this, 85 degrees extreme summer heat; 60 degrees extreme winter cold. It is not a bad place for some of the American millionaires to have country homes in everlasting June, and at the same time enjoy the blessing, which too many of them do not appreciate, of being under the stars and stripes.

We have done everything we can do. Our Senate has ratified the treaty by a unanimous vote. Our House of Representatives, if under the law the question were to come before it, would be also unanimous. The voters of this republic are overwhelmingly for it. Your distinguished colleague, Mr. Morgan of Alabama, is down here having a good time. When he goes back you ask him what sort of folks we are. I hope you will chip in and help him all you can, even if he is a democrat.

The natives here have the same political rights that the whites have. In proportion to their intelligence and capacity, they have as much voice in the government. They hold office in the same way; they are a fine race of people. It is rarer to find a native Hawaiian who cannot read and write than it is to find a native of New Hampshire who cannot.

For the past two years my official duties have taken me constantly from

island to island in all parts of this little republic. I know the conditions which exist here pretty well. You know me and you know that I won't lie to you. I tell you that the islands will make just as good an American community as can be found on Uncle Sam's farm. Sugar has been paramount in the past; it will not be in the future. Not that the sugar industry will decrease, but numerous other industries will spring up and these islands in time can support a million people instead of 110,000. There is no pleasanter spot to live in, I believe, anywhere, and with its strategic and commercial position it is as important to Uncle Sam as to anyone. I see no reason why he should not have his share of the good things going.

E. P. DOLE.

UNSANITARY BUILDINGS.

San Francisco Parents Take Children From Schools.

The Chronicle of October 27, says: Reports from principals have been received by the School Department officials, showing that several hundred pupils have deserted from the schools occupying the six buildings declared by the Board of Health to be unfit for occupancy. The parents of a large number of the pupils remaining have also become alarmed over the danger of their children contracting sickness, and are filing applications for transfer to other schools.

From the Starr King School the report shows that 172 pupils have ceased to attend, and there are fifty applications for transfers to other schools now awaiting action. Fully a hundred have disappeared from the Fairmount School and the application for transfers are being received daily from parents having children in attendance there. The Monroe School has lost forty pupils, the Haight twelve, the Golden Gate as many more and a few are missing from the Clement Grammar.

Parents have been visiting the schools to learn from personal observation their true condition, and a visit has been sufficient to cause them to remove their children at once. They express great indignation that such a condition of affairs has been permitted to exist for so long and that money has been spent for constructing new buildings and additional class rooms instead of being used to abate nuisances that are dangerous to the health of the children.

FLOODS IN JAPAN.

Heavy Rains Do Great Damage to Property.

TACOMA (Wash.), October 25.—The steamer Olympia arrived to-day from the Orient. September 30th a heavy rainstorm swept all over Japan, and when the Olympia left reports were still coming in of the terrible havoc done. A Kobe dispatch to Yokohama states that numerous floods have occurred in that vicinity. Many people were killed.

According to an official report from Aichi prefecture there are forty-two villages, altogether contain 10,000 houses, still submerged in the Kaito, Kaisai, Nakashima and Haguri districts, while 66,100 peasants are at present dependent on the rations issued by the Government. The damage to the rice crops is estimated to be not less than 1,500,000 yen.

BIG FIGHT COMING IN INDIA

The British Troops to Assault Strong Positions.

SIMLA, October 25.—Official dispatches from Kangarbur received to-day state that the advance upon the Sompagha pass, on both sides of which the insurgent tribes are collecting in great force, and where the next furious fighting is expected to occur, will be resumed tomorrow.

The position taken up by the enemy is of the strongest description, and can only be assailed in front over broken ground. The tribesmen are expected to make a most determined resistance to the advance of the British troops.

It is also expected that the Pashawur column will have warm work to do, as 4,000 Africans have collected at Barkal and Mai-Mai, near Bara.

TROUBLE FOR BLANCO.

Spain Fears the Opponents of Autonomy.

MADRID, October 25.—A dispatch just received from Havana has caused considerable stir in political circles. It declares that the opponents of autonomy are seeking to create difficulties for Marshal Blanco, who succeeds General Weyler as Captain-General of Cuba, adding that the situation in that island is the same as it was six months ago.

The dispatch further says the military operations of the Spaniards are suspended, that the troops are solely employed in guarding the railroads and that it is estimated that 40,000 soldiers are on the sick list.

Opposed to Lady Somerset.

TORONTO, October 25.—The world's convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union is at its height here. The second day's session was opened with the pavilion crowded to the doors. Mrs. Sanderson read her report as treasurer. Mrs. Josephine Butler, who was to have read an address on "Promotion of Social Purity," sent a letter

of regret from Switzerland. She avowed her unalterable antagonism to the licensing scheme advocated by Lady Henry Somerset, and said that if there was any compromise, or swerving, undecisive leadership with regard to social purity she would be obliged to sever her connections with the union.

ON THE WARPATH.

Ute Indians Took Up Arms in Colorado.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—General Otis, commanding the Department of the Colorado, has telegraphed Adjutant-General Beck, saying: "Telegram of last night to Governor of Colorado reports an engagement between State Game Warden and the Ute Indians at Thompson's, near Lily Park, on Snake river, sixty miles from Duchesne, in which five Indians were killed, but no whites. Telegram of this afternoon from Lieutenant Kirkman, commanding Camp Pilot Butte, Wyo., reports that a scout has just arrived and says engagement at Thompson's last evening at 5 p. m. between Utes and Game Warden, in which two bucks, one squaw, one papoose and two wardens killed."

THE SULTAN AND BULGARIA.

Further Steps in the Policy of Conciliation.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 26.—The Sultan, as a further step in his policy of conciliating Bulgaria, is issuing orders permitting the junction of the Bulgarian Kustendil Railroad with the Turkish Salonika-Uskud Railroad line; sanctioning the appointment of eight Bulgarian commercial agents in Macedonia and granting amnesty to the Bulgarian political prisoners. The issuing of berats to the Bulgarian Bishops in Macedonia, long and earnestly desired by Bulgaria, is still withheld by the Sultan.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.

Dispute Will Probably Be Settled This Year.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—It is believed here that in view of the great prominence Alaska has achieved, owing to the recent gold discoveries, and the importance of definitely fixing the boundary line between our Territory and that of the Dominion of Canada.

The Senate, when it assembles in December, will take early action upon the treaty pending between Great Britain and the United States on the survey and marking off of the 141st meridian. This treaty was sent to the Senate almost two years ago.

Reception to Miss Cisneros.

WASHINGTON, October 23.—Miss Coslo y Cisneros, the Cuban girl who escaped from prison in Havana, and her rescuer, Carl Decker, were tendered a reception tonight by the Washington friends of Mr. Decker. Convention Hall, where it took place, was crowded, 12,000 persons being present. Corporal James Tanner, ex-Commissioner of Pensions, presided and presented Miss Cisneros and Mr. Decker, who were greeted with cheers.

Speeches were made by Corporal Tanner and ex-Senator Call. It was announced that Mr. Decker had been commissioned a Brigadier-General in the Cuban army.

May Return to New York.

NEW YORK, October 23.—A sensation was created in political and Roman Catholic circles last night by the announcement that Father McGlynn had made his final peace with Archbishop Corrigan and is to return to an important parish in this city.

It was because of alleged insubordination regarding his connection with Henry George that Father McGlynn was unfrocked ten years ago. Since his return to good standing in the priesthood, Father McGlynn has had a parish at Newburg, but it has been an open secret that his fondest desire has been to return to New York.

Carnegie Would Sell Out.

PARIS, October 23.—Andrew Carnegie, who is here, says that he has offered the Carnegie armor plate works to the United States Government. If the offer is not accepted, the firm will sell them abroad. He says that he only took up the armor business from a sense of duty to his country, and that the works have never paid. The firm means to sell out at the smallest possible loss.

The three-year-old boy of J. A. Johnson, of Lynn Center, Ill., is subject to attacks of croup. Mr. Johnson says he is satisfied that the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, during a severe attack, saved his little boy's life. He is in the drug business, a member of the firm of Johnson Bros. of that place; and they handle a great many patent medicines for throat and lung diseases. He had all these to choose from, and skilled physicians ready to respond to his call, but selected this remedy for use in his own family at a time when his child's life was in danger, because he knew it to be superior to any other, and famous the country over for its cures of croup. Mr. Johnson says this is the best-selling cough medicine they handle, and that it gives splendid satisfaction in all cases. Sold by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.



ADJUTANT GENERAL BROCK

General Samuel Brock, the new adjutant general of the United States army, is a Massachusetts man, 63 years of age. In 1864 he received the brevet of lieutenant colonel "for meritorious and faithful services during the war." Since 1870 he has served as assistant adjutant general.

HENRY WATERHOUSE.

ARTHUR B. WOOD.

HENRY WATERHOUSE, JR.

HENRY WATERHOUSE & Co.

Insurance Agents, German-American Insurance Co. of New York,
Plantation Agents, Union Assurance Society of London,
Commission and GENERAL BUSINESS AGENTS.

We represent numerous individuals who live in Honolulu or on the other islands, and it is our purpose to please our patrons at whatever cost to ourselves. If you desire responsible agents to look after your interests, and at a reasonable commission, we shall be pleased to interview you personally, or give immediate reply to correspondence on the subject.

Henry Waterhouse & Co.

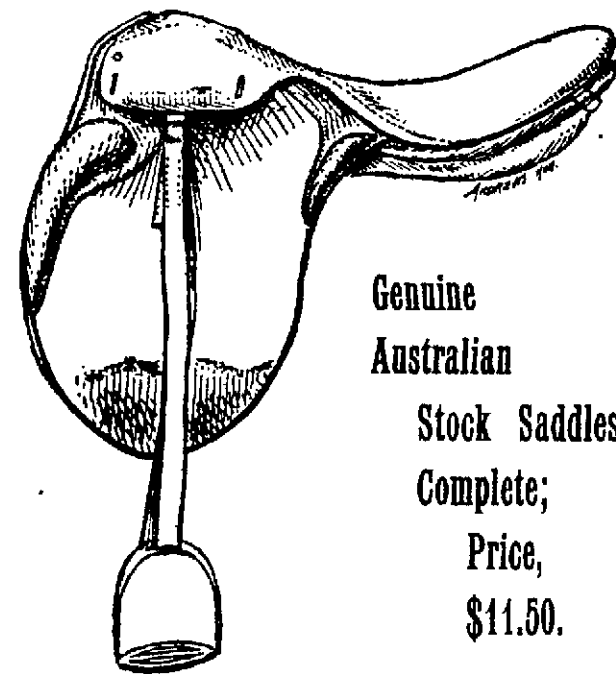
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The Manufacturing Harness Co.

Telephone 228. FORT & KING STS. P. O. Box 322.

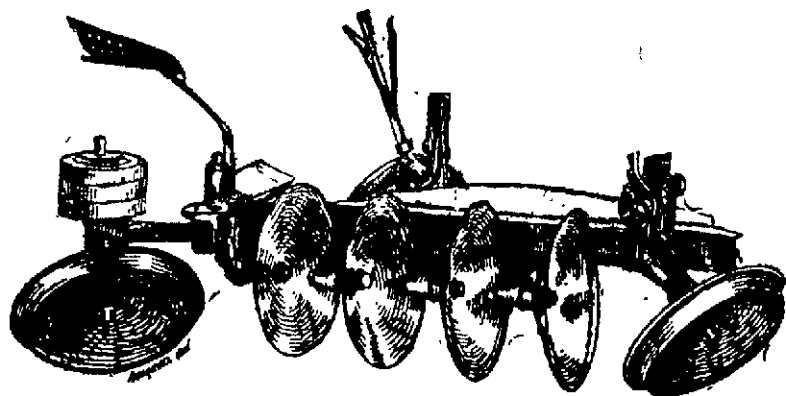
Large and
Complete
Stock of
Harness,
Whips,
Sponges,
Boots,
Soaps
and Oils



Genuine
Australian
Stock Saddles,
Complete;
Price,
\$11.50.

WE CARRY AND SELL ONLY HARNESS OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.

THE SPALDING-ROBBINS 4-DISC PLOW.



"Hilo Sugar Company.

"Wainaku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.

"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu:
"Dear Sir:—I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long ratoon land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition.

JOHN A. SCOTT,

Manager.

Nuuanu.

By the bark Nuuanu, just in from New York, we have received a large invoice of Hardware of all sorts. Our stock has never been so complete as it will be as soon as these goods are put away.

More about these goods when they are ready to sell.

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

Photo Albums!

Paintings of Island
Scenery on
Plaques, Panels, etc., by
local artists.

Brass Rods and Fit-
tings for
Sash Curtains.

Portraits Enlarged
from small
Photographs.

KING BROS' Art Store.

110 HOTEL ST.

Waltham Watches!

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Watch Repairing

—A SPECIALTY

Prompt attention to all orders.

FRANK J. KRUGER. PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER.

Fort Street. Honolulu.

Pacific Well Boring Co. (LIMITED.)

PLANTATION AND LAND OWNERS, MERCHANTS and others who contemplate boring wells, will save their own interests by consulting the above Company.

Estimates furnished. Charges strictly moderate. Faithful work guaranteed. Tel. 665. P. O. Box 478.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE RECOGNIZED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world indicates its inestimable value.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.
"I think it an invaluable medicine for members of my profession, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister artists."

Mr. Thomas Rogers, Chemist, Hialeah, October 1st, 1896, writes:—"Sincerely, I have commended my five-year-old son in business today. I remember my mother giving me your Balsam for coughs and colds nearly 20 years ago. My chest and voice are as sound as a bell now."

See the words "Thomas Rogers, Chemist, Hialeah, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824. SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT OMIT THIS TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH.

POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND CAPE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 6d., and 4s. 6d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L.D.

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Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 19, 1897

LATEST NEWS.

A late dispatch from Washington declares that President McKinley is impressed with the importance of bringing the Hawaiian question to an issue at the earliest moment after the meeting of the Senate. He fears that complications may arise, if the Cuban matter is allowed to get before the Senate, before the Hawaiian treaty is disposed of. This would be very encouraging news, if we did not know only too well, that the President cannot control the Senate, and that half a dozen Senators may, if they choose, keep any subject under debate, in abeyance for an indefinite period.

But, as we have said before, the temper of the Senators has not yet been displayed. We believe that it is safe and conservative to say, that as time goes on, there is an increasing indifference to the fate of the annexation matter, on the part of leading Democrats. But, until we know what the opposition will do it is useless to make predictions. The journals in the interest of the sugar beet men, are opening fire to some extent, but at this distance, we cannot tell what its effect is, or will be. While the San Francisco merchants heartily support the annexation measure, the Los Angeles people make some opposition to it, through the labor party, which seems to have been led astray in Southern California.

THE GREAT MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

The most important item of news by the Alameda is the decisive victory of Van Wyck, Tammany candidate for Mayor of Greater New York, over Low and Tracy. As we said, several days ago, the betting men clearly showed what the cool headed men thought about the result.

The votes given for Mr. Low and General Tracy if combined, would have defeated Tammany. But the Republican leaders did not wish to defeat the "Wigwam." They preferred its success to that of the reformers under Low, who if elected would have put more morals into future politics than the Republicans could stand. In 1893 the Republicans defeated Abram Hewitt for Mayor, for the same reasons. Men say "the people want good government." So they do, if they think it is safe to have it. But the average Republican is persuaded to believe that the party organization is of more value than good government. He despises Tammany, but he loves his own party. He is confused by the arguments put before him, and believes that he is forced to choose between the two. Mr. Platt, the Republican "boss" is a clever man and an excellent politician, and a representative man. He stands for the average political sentiment of his party as it is, and not as it should or "ought" to be. He is perfectly willing to improve his methods and his morals, whenever the party demands, but not before.

Mr. Low, who "ought" to have been elected stands for what "ought" to be but is not. He and his excellent associates are, after all, the educators of the people, and they cannot expect much improvement at a moment's notice. But by breaking into the ranks of the Republicans, by slowly drawing men away from Tammany, by constant preaching, they do educate and it is to a purpose.

The Greater New York now begins its new municipal career on a grand scale. Tammany rules, but it represents the majority and this is in accordance with Democratic faith. There will be more or less extravagance, because the Republican leaders "will be taken care of" and, for favors conferred will bring the State legislature to the enacting of laws which will benefit Tammany. Tammany rule will continue until there is another upheaval, which may not come for some years.

This great municipal election only illustrates more forcibly than ever, that government represents the average man, and that no preaching or "reforming" will change these conditions.

YALE AND HARVARD DEBATE.

The coming debate between the students of Yale and Harvard on December 3d will be on the question of Hawaiian annexation. Yale proposed the question for debate to Harvard and under the rules, Harvard had the choice of sides. It was believed at first, that it would take the negative and oppose annexation. The matter was carefully considered, by the committee. Professor Hollis Dr. Coolidge who recently visited these islands and Mr. W. R. Castle Jr. presently urged the taking of the affirmative by the Harvard debaters. In the preliminary debates, for the selection of speakers, twenty-five students selected the af-

firmative and twenty-one the negative. The Committee by a vote of five to four, selected the affirmative. There will be four Harvard speakers.

The choice of the subject for debate indicates that the college boys breathe the political air, and detect the local odors. The selection by Harvard of the affirmative, puts Yale on the negative side, and will force several Hawaiian boys to the discharge of a very unpleasant duty, that of speaking against their reason and consciences.

We have recently called attention to the gorgeous "Y" on the banner of civilization which floats in this vicinity. This misfortune of Yale compels us to promptly withdraw the "Y" and put an "H" in its place, until the debate is over. Moreover, until that event, we have concluded, under the privilege of international law, to temporarily abandon citizenship in Yale and take out letters of denization in Harvard. The rest of the Yale contingent here may, with blind filial love, stand by Old Eli in his temporary departure from the paths of virtue and reason, but the Advertiser, with journalistic fidelity which is really uncommon, suspends this obligation of loyalty, until Old Eli has passed this period of temporary dotage, which involves him in an error of the head, that threatens to destroy his usefulness in the Pacific—for a few days.

DESTRUCTION OF FISH.

The Hilo Herald calls the attention of the people to the useless destruction of fish in Hilo Bay, by the use of improper nets, which the fishermen use. It says that fish are now brought from this city to Hilo, and if this indiscriminate fishing is kept up, the prices will increase.

It is the experience of nearly every nation that its natural fishing advantages are destroyed, before private enterprise takes hold of them and makes them permanent industries. In France the promiscuous oyster gathering, had reduced in the year 1883, the annual out-put of oysters in the Warrens bay, from 80,000,000 down to 3,000,000. The Emperor Napoleon then interfered, set the scientists to work, put the oyster fisheries under Government control and at the end of twenty years, made the industry permanent and profitable. The oyster beds of Long Island Sound were nearly destroyed when the State, after persistent urging by a few intelligent men, placed the industry in private hands, so that at present, as many as 5,000 barrels of oysters in the shell are shipped weekly to England.

The price of fish food is altogether too high in our markets. The methods of obtaining and preserving the fish are expensive. The fish should be kept alive, after taking, and be preserved in tanks, so as to equalize the supply.

Anyone who has seen the great marble tanks in the Parisian fish markets, knows that if the fish can be brought to that city in tank railway cars, a distance of one hundred and fifty miles from the sea, can be transferred alive to the market tanks, and the fish then be sold at reasonable rates, it cannot be a difficult matter to keep the fish taken in our own waters alive, and to transfer them to tanks on the fish dock.

The experiment should be tried here in an inexpensive way, at first, in order to determine the right conditions. The success of it is simply a question of good brain work. When the arrangements are complete, we shall have the best, the most wholesome animal food in the market and at prices which will make people in moderate circumstances quite happy.

SUNDAY MUSIC.

A correspondent living on Molokai, over the signature of "English Woman," writes to us on the Sunday band concert question. She gives us, as a reason for not permitting them here, that "there are no Sunday band concerts in England nor in Scotland;" that "they are found in some parts of the United States it is true, but they always smack of the beer garden." She says also, that during her residence in Honolulu, she saw "the missionaries walking to church and they did not ride, unless it was to visit the sick."

The Sunday ways of the English people are not lofty precedents, because they have a curious way of straining dreadfully at gnats, and swallowing over-sized camels, that is to say, they closed until lately, the museums and art galleries on Sunday, but permitted, and now permit, the opening of all liquor saloons after the noon hour of that day. The reason for doing it is that the people generally drink beer and they will have it on Sunday. When a community wants an article, it soon makes its religious practices conform to its wants, just as this community wants transportation on Sunday, and therefore the mules must work in spite of the Commandment forbidding animal work.

As to Sunday music, we suspect that "English Woman" from want of information, or observation, associates beer with music, just as the Kentucky Colonel associate whiskey with water, and it is said, goes to his grave in the belief that water is not a separate com-

modity. She has not discovered as Cervantes did, that "where there is music, really nothing bad can be;" or with Byron, that "there is music in all things, if men had ears;" or with Luther, "next to theology, I give to music the highest place and honor;" or with Carlyle, that "music is a kind of inarticulate, unfathomable speech, which leads us to the edge of the infinite, and lets us for moments gaze into that."

And if these opinions are true, is the Sunday band concert anything less than a fascinating preacher, a secret civilizer? And when people associate music of any kind with low tastes and rowdiness, it seems to us that their souls are like the Kentucky Colonel's in the analysis of water. Did "English Woman" or anyone else ever hear morally bad music? Does she not know that the music of some of the most devotional hymns of the churches came from the beer gardens of Germany? And that the stately pathos of the music sung with the words "Guide me oh Thou Great Jehovah," was Rouncevall's war cry?

Fortunately, in Honolulu, we do not have to contend with badly rendered music, but with a selfish conservatism, which refuses to accept the verdicts of the most advanced American cities.

And in this connection, we can speak for many, who do not entirely approve of Professor Berger's "style," but heartily recognize him as one of the most earnest and successful missionaries in the work of civilizing the people here. The average cultivation of the community does not measure the value of his work, in the past nor in the present. If that service had physical form and were placed in the scales, it would show a heavy weight of obligation against the community.

No man would "read the riot act" to the community, as quickly as he, if the Sunday concert degraded this art, which is never "bad."

BOOKS FOR YOUNG HAWAIIANS.

Rev. Mr. Emerson's comments in the Friend, upon the need of reading matter for the young Hawaiians, who are educated in the English language. They acquire the language and abandon its use very largely, for want of a stimulant to practice it.

The statistics of the Honolulu library for the last year are instructive:

Novels taken out.....7,073
Religious books taken out..... 70

If these figures indicate the needs or inclinations of the civilized "white" minds, it shows quite clearly what the native mind needs. The novel was regarded by good people, many years ago, as a scheme of evil, and the promoter of frivolous living. Now it takes its place as an educator; not the best educator, perhaps, but an aid, a suggestion of facts, an instructor in the relations of men and women. It is in its best form an inspiration. Every reader of good novels knows that.

The young Hawaiians need novels of the simple kind, descriptive, without the incomprehensible self analysis of the modern novel, which make men and women talk as they never think or talk in social life, "making fishes talk like whales." So important is the novel and history, the library should become a part of the educational system of the land. To teach the natives the English language, and then permit them to slowly abandon it, is to absurdly undo the costly education.

The library system of California is excellent and far-reaching. The law provides for libraries by taxation, and it is done freely in the intelligent communities.

Within the last few years, there have been published in America and England many millions of "good" novels, which retail at low prices. The Board of Education might make the experiment of purchasing some of them and authorize the school teachers to sell them at cost, in the different districts, or simply circulate them.

THE BIBLE AND ISLAM.

As many of our readers do not read the Bible, and obtain spiritual and religious truths only through the secular Press, it is the duty of that Press to include religious with secular intelligence, so far as it can be done, without giving it a sectarian cast. The

secular Press of the world largely ignores the religious side of man. It undertakes to give its readers just what they desire, and few readers, however good they may be, can turn away from earthly news and lively gossip to the vastly important affairs of a religious nature. But the Press has a solemn duty to discharge. It must administer doses of truth to the indifferent and the black-sliders, and reach those who never enter the Churches, but read the newspapers.

It has been the practice of the "orthodox" writers on religions, for many years and even centuries, to denounce all religions as "pagan" and altogether wicked, that were not founded on the recognition and teachings of Christ. But a more charitable and liberal spirit has appeared, within a few years. The sermon of the Rev. Sidney Gulick on the religious condition of Japan, which we recently published, is an instance of this.

Dr. Henry Preserved Smith of the Union Theological Seminary, of N. Y., has just published "The Bible and Islam," in which he shows the influence of the Old and New Testament on that great religious leader, Mohammed. One of the most thoughtful reviews of the books says:

"The author of the book acknowledges that he cannot help admiring in Islam, the power of the truth. It was not indeed, the truth alone which triumphed, but the truth in alliance with worldly and sensual motives. Islam is not the only religion in which the world, the flesh and the devil have fought on the side of truth for their own ends. Still, when all allowances have been made, the truth which exists in Islam, has been a power. As compared with heathenism, Islam is a society in which good and righteousness are living and acting forces. Every one who has been admitted to intimacy with Mohammedanism, will testify that men are not rare among them who live in the fear of God, who strive to do His will, and whose kindness and benevolence are the outworking of sincere faith in Him. The hold of Islam on its adherents is due to the fact that it embodies much of the truth."

The practice of polygamy, Mohammed adopted from the example of David and Solomon. But his own wives made it hot for him. His own individual experiences, in which they "sassed" him and called him an "old fool," and even threw articles of furniture at him, resulted in his giving curious laws regarding wives to some hundreds of millions of human beings, which are observed today. As he caught his wives flirting, or going to picnics on the Tantalus of Arabia, he declared that all women should wear veils, and so they have done. This precautionary measure would not be "popular" in Hawaii, and there need be no fear that it will get a foothold here. The veils alone range the women of the Teutonic race against it.

KINAU TRIP.

Part of It Was Very Rough—Hilo on the Boom.

The Kinau arrived from Maui and Hawaii ports yesterday afternoon. Up to the time of arrival at Mahukona the Kinau encountered very fine weather. At that place and at Kawaihae, she experienced very rough weather and was delayed about five hours. She should have been here at about 10 o'clock. Purser Beckley gives the following report:

Hilo is on the boom and the promise is that she will keep in such a state right along.

On account of the rough weather in Kawaihae and Mahukona it was necessary to leave behind the stock that W. H. Rice was to have brought down. The Annie Johnson will sail for San Francisco on Friday, November 19th.

Killed a Duck.

President Dole is at Kiholo, Hawaii. He has succeeded in shooting one duck. Plovers are plenty, and so are the wild geese, but it is now the closed season, and he is trying to observe the law.

The next debate between Harvard and Yale will be on the subject: "Resolved, that the United States should annex the Hawaiian Islands." Not a fair subject for debate, because there is no chance for the champions of the negative side as far as the merits of the argument are concerned. They will have to depend on their eloquence.—N. Y. Sun.

GROWS AND PAYS

A Bulletin on the Culture of Asparagus Here.

Can Be Made a Permanent Garden Crop—Explicit Directions—Plants for Starting Can Be Ordered.

As we received a number of letters from all the Islands, asking for information regarding asparagus culture, celery and other choice vegetables, as well as fruits, trees, etc., not yet introduced extensively here, we take this method of answering them all.

First: Asparagus is one of the most permanent and important of all our garden crops. Well made beds continue in a good bearing condition for twenty years or more.

There are no secrets about its planting on cultivation. Anyone that can plant sugar cane, sweet corn, etc., can plant asparagus.

Generally speaking, a great deal of useless trouble is taken in the preparation of a piece of ground intended for an asparagus bed.

When the spot on which the bed is to be formed has been decided on, dig or plow up the soil twelve inches down, or prepare it as you would for any vegetable, sugar cane or corn. Make trenches about 8 to 10 inches deep, 4 feet apart in the line, and 4 feet apart in the trench.

Two year old plants are generally preferred, that is to say, healthy and vigorous stools and not the young kind. Plants one and two years old can be obtained in California in the month of January, to be transplanted here in February. We recommend the conover colossal, which can be purchased at a cost of about five cents for two year old roots or less by the quantity. Five dollars worth would make you a good bed of plants for an ordinary family.

The writer has consented to order several thousand plants for some friends to be delivered here the latter part of January next.

Should anyone desire to avail themselves of this opportunity, they can send five dollars, more or less to the bureau of agriculture, care of "A. H." with their post office addresses. There will be no commissions to pay, only the expenses of transportation.

As the choice of plants is a matter of great importance in growing asparagus. We recommend the amateur to give up the idea of raising it from seed.

In France it is grown to a large extent amongst the grape vines, small and large farms and cottagers; in fact everybody grows it and everybody eats it. The system of culture is very simple. How a small strip amongst sugar cane would thrive, this of course where it is warm and sheltered.

We are cutting delicious grass now, from beds eighteen months' old. The plants were two years old when planted.

FIXED VALUATION.

Supreme Court Decides on Sugar Appeal Cases.

An opinion as handed down by the Supreme Court yesterday in answer to the appeals taken from the Tax Appeals Court on the valuation placed by that Court on several plantations. Fifteen plantations are effected in all, and the one decision covers them all in its general scope. Each plantation is cited and its valuation fixed by the Court. The decision in general supports the Tax Appeal Court.

According to the decision the plantations involved in the cases in question returned their property under the old law, and the several assessors fixed the valuations at the amounts which they deemed proper under the new law. In most cases the planters appealed only on the amount of the assessment in excess of the compromise valuation of last year.

The Court first gives its reasons for fixing the values of the plantations and makes various suggestions for the returning of the several items required by the tax law. One of these is the question whether or not the plantation has been a growing or a declining one. The Court also suggests that the conservative and not the speculative spirit should control in matters of assessment.

The decision enters into the question of the future and states that the "Treaty" and labor are the two principal matters of uncertainty that affect the plantations as a whole. The uncertainty in regard to the supply of labor depends largely upon whether "annexation" takes place or not. The most important question in this connection is what allowance should be made in general for the uncertainties of the sugar industry, of which uncertainties that in regard to the Treaty (or annexation) is the most conspicuous. The Supreme Court concludes with giving the valuations as fixed by the taxpayer, the assessors, the Appeal Court and its own valuation. Lihue Plantation fixed its value at \$1,000,000, the assessor at \$1,409,000, the Appeal Court at \$1,210,615, and the Supreme Court at \$1,300,000. Grove Farm fixed at valuation at \$130,000, the assessor at \$163,450, and the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court the same. Waiakoa Mill Co., fixed its valuation at \$640,000, the assessor at \$710,000, the Appeal Court at \$675,000, and the Supreme Court at \$710,000. Hilo Sugar Co., fixed its valuation at \$700,000, the assessor at \$750,000, the Appeal Court at \$725,000, and the Supreme Court at \$750,000. Onomea Sugar Co., fixed its valuation at \$825,000, the assessor at \$936,619, the Appeal Court at \$875,000, and the Supreme Court the same. Pepee Sugar Co., fixed its valuation at \$700,000, the assessor at \$700,000, the Appeal Court at \$700,000, and the Supreme Court the same. Hakalau Plantation Co., fixed its valuation at

\$625,000, the assessor and the Appeal Court at \$700,000, and the Supreme Court at \$650,000. Hamakua Sugar Co., fixed its valuation at \$650,000, the assessor at \$654,000, the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court at \$600,000. Paauhau Plantation Co., fixed its valuation at \$632,172, the assessor at \$800,000, the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court at \$700,000. Union Mill Co., fixed its valuation at \$149,771.29, the assessor at \$175,000, the Appeal Court at \$160,000, and the Supreme Court at \$149,771.29. Hawi Mill fixed its valuation at \$210,444, the assessor at \$325,000, the Appeal Court at \$300,000, and the Supreme Court at \$287,500. Hutchinsan Sugar Plantation Co., fixed its valuation at \$625,000, the assessor at \$750,000, the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court at \$625,000. Hawaiian Agricultural Co., fixed its valuation at \$538,900, the assessor at \$492,250, the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court at \$538,900. Waimanalo Sugar Co., fixed its valuation at \$196,000, the assessor at \$265,465, the Appeal Court at \$226,800, and the Supreme Court at \$196,000. Ewa Plantation Co., fixed its valuation at \$850,000, the assessor at \$1,210,775, the Appeal Court and the Supreme Court the same.

VETERAN FIREMEN.

Preliminary Meeting For Benefit Society Organization.

There was a meeting held at the Drill Shed last evening of the exempt Volunteer Firemen. The principal business was preparation for the organization of a Mutual Benefit Society. First in order was the election of a temporary chairman and secretary. Mr. John Nott was elected temporary chairman by acclamation and J. D. McVeigh was chosen temporary secretary.

After several discussions over various plans brought before the meeting it was moved and carried that a committee of five be appointed by the chair to formulate a constitution and by-laws to govern the organization. The chairman was empowered to appoint the committee at a future date and to notify the members through the press.

A vote of thanks was accorded T. B. Murray for the use of the company rooms and for his general activity in connection with the meeting. Those present were:

Jno. Nott, No. 2; C. B. Wilson, No. 1; L. H. Dee, Fire Police; T. B. Murray, Eng. No. 1; L. McGrew, Eng. No. 2; G. J. Cavanaugh, Eng. No. 1; B. Orndstein, Eng. No. 1; H. F. Singer, Eng. No. 1; W. J. Sheldon, Eng. No. 2; H. Klemme, Fire Police; F. Gertz, Fire Police; J. D. McVeigh, Eng. No. 1.

Distinguished Visitors.

Justice Caldwell, one of the nine members of the United States Circuit Court is in Hawaii with his family for a vacation. Judge Caldwell has presided at some of the most important civil cases ever decided in the United States. His is a life position.

Dr. F. N. Otis and wife and son of New York will spend a few weeks in Hawaii. The visiting physician is a famous specialist and a writer of note. His son is also a doctor.

Wilson Barret, the favorite London and New York actor, was a through passenger by the Alameda. He is en route to fill an Australian engagement.

Minister Hatch.

Francis M. Hatch, Minister for Hawaii to the United States, left San Francisco on the 11th inst. for Washington. At Colton, California, Mr. Hatch was to be joined by Senator Morgan and they would make the trip across the continent together. There was no news at the Foreign Office or in Government circles yesterday on annexation. Mr. Thurston wrote a letter to one member of the Cabinet on private business.

Kauai Murder Trial.

The Court spent nearly all day yesterday examining Johnnie, one of the principal witnesses for the prosecution. He described minutely all the habits of the family and gave the conversations of the accused before and after the murder. His testimony was damaging to Kapea and Kalo.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Severe Case of Dyspepsia

"I suffered from dyspepsia 20 years. I had a feeling as though there was a lump in my stomach. I did not dare to eat meat or warm bread, very few vegetables, for fear of the great distress food caused me. I experienced relief right after commencing to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. My appetite increased, I gained in general health and strength. I can eat almost anything now without discomfort. Although I had been an invalid for twenty years, I can truthfully say that I am better than for a long time. I never weighed so much in my life." Mrs. EMILY F. BURN, 45 Portland Street, Middleboro, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

HOBSON DRUG COMPANY, Wholesale Agents.

FINE FIRST NIGHT

Frawley Company Receives a Genuine Ovation.

A VERY BRILLIANT AUDIENCE

Cordial Welcome to Friends—New Favorites—A Pretty Comedy. Plays for Rest of Week.

Contrast alone would have made the interior of the theater seem dazzling bright last night. It was damp and dark and cold without. The footing was uncertain for pedestrians who braved it and mud splashed from the wheels of the carriages and the hoofs of the hard-breathing horses. But Frawley's first night was on and the elements in much severer mood would have been defied.

It is a dainty bit of a playhouse, is the new theater. On entering it one involuntarily thanks W. G. Irwin and J. D. Spreckels for their part in the pleasure afforded. As the evening progresses, Mr. T. Daniel Frawley is not forgotten. For is it not his enterprise that gives us the season and his ability and discernment as manager that produce, with Alladin ingenuity, this oasis in the really not tiresome but sometimes monotonous routine of Honolulu amusement? Yes, T. Daniel, with his on-stage and off-stage consummate skill, has a very warm corner in the aggregate heart of the city public.

The first night was more than a splendid success. It was a brilliant installation. Of course every seat was taken and of course everybody was there. In one box was the American Minister and Mrs. Sewall and a notable party, including one actual and one ex-United States Senator. Vis-à-vis was the Princess Kalulani and a few friends, including Mrs. A. M. Brown, Miss Widemann and Mrs. Robertson. All the ladies were most charmingly gowned. In the orchestra, in the dress circle and even in the balcony were society people as well as those who do not register in the Blue Book. There were many costumes created for the occasion. Evening dress was the rule. Altogether the scene made a striking picture.

One of the pretty features of the event was the welcoming of those in the company who had personal or "theatrical" acquaintances in the audience. Those greeted most cordially were Miss Bates, Miss McAllister, Mr. Worthing, Mr. Frawley and Harry Corson Clark. The latter in the play was as silent as a very much crushed tragedian. But how he did act. At dumb comedy Mr. Clarke equals his best efforts with lines. This is no insinuation that he should always be cast for a thinking part. On the contrary, if Clarke was to be stricken speechless the king of laughter would go into mourning for ninety days and the stage would lose one of its bright, particular shining stars. And Clarke's personal friends would be sad and spend their time telling stories about him.

All the ladies in the house said that Miss Bates "looked better" and dressed even more tastefully than when here last season. As to dressing, up in San Francisco Miss Bates originates the vogues in gowns instead of troubling Vanity Fair to wait for Paris styles to arrive. The gentlemen said all sorts of nice, graceful compliments about the leading lady. This comedy did not make much of a demand upon Miss Bates but she was finished and pleasing in her part throughout. Mr. Frawley was an excellent foil to Mr. Worthing. The latter is an actor almost great. He has a fault, though, Mr. Worthing has been in the best companies. He has been praised by the most capable critics. His reputation is established. He is well liked in Honolulu. But too often his enunciation is not clear. This flaw was quite marked at times last night.

Mr. Lewers, the Honolulu "boy," did not have much to do, but was careful and correct in his small part. Helene Johnson is a new member. She won laurels last night—she is already a favorite. She has life. Eleanor Robson is a neat, pretty little woman—a Dresden little woman. She is clever and not too sprightly. Miss McAllister is conscientious and effective as ever. In Mr. Perry there was recognized at once the sterling, painstaking actor. Wilson Enos has improved—not a little. The same may be said of George Bosworth. This was the cast:

Christopher Colt, Senior, an East Indian Merchant... Frederick Perry Mrs. Colt, his wife... Phosha McAllister Christopher Colt, Junior, their son... Frank Worthing Nellie, their daughter... Eleanor Robson Whimper, their man servant... George McQuarrie Job, valet to Christopher, Junior... William Lewers Major Hedway, a retired soldier... Wilson Enos Mr. Glibb, President of an Amateur Theatrical Club... H. Corson Clarke Mrs. Glibb, his better half... Selene Johnson Bert Bellaby, a young lawyer... T. Daniel Frawley Mr. Simpson, Manager at the Bombay House... George Bosworth Dora Hedway, niece of Major Hedway... Blanche Bates

"Christopher, Jr.," is superior to the average comedy of the day. In several places the action is not sustained with very great energy, but the climaxes are fine and the story is a good one. It is well written, is reasonable and does not depend on railroad accidents, explosions or floods to make it go.



MISS BLANCHE BATES.
(Leading Lady Frawley Co.)

There is even some thought in the composition. Altogether it is satisfying. The bill for the matinee tomorrow is "Arabian Nights," with lots of laugh. The famous realistic war play "Shenandoah" is underscored for Saturday night and will fill the house.

HAD AN AUDIENCE

Dr. Alvarez Met Emperor and Empress.

Unusual Honors Extended to the Leprosy Congress Delegates—Reception by the Chancellor

It will be of interest to many to know that letters from Mrs. Alvarez who accompanied her husband to Germany, tell of much the doctor has done since he left here.

Mrs. Alvarez says: "The delegates to the leprosy congress had a reception tendered them by the Chancellor, Prince Furst Von Hohenlohe, which was considered quite an honor as it is most unusual. However, they were even more honored as they were given an audience by their Majesties, the Emperor and Empress, as well as five of the young Princes, at Potsdam in the new palace. "The Emperor and Empress were both very gracious and each had numerous questions to ask about life in the islands, etc. Carriages provided by the Government conveyed the delegates to and from the palace and train. This honor was accorded the delegates in token of their position as men of science—no ladies were present."

Mrs. Alvarez adds, "Tomorrow we leave Berlin for Paris where we will stay a week or so until the doctor visits the Pasteur Institute, in the interests of his work in Honolulu. We will then sail from Havre for New York. "Tonight we dine with Mr. Glade's family. We shall carry away very pleasant recollections of Berlin and especially of its genial and true-hearted physicians and their wives, who did much to make the stay of the delegates pleasant."

JAPS MAKE TROUBLE.

Eighty-One Unruly Laborers Are Locked Up at Ewa.

The Ewa plantation is having trouble with some of the new Japanese field hands. All the old laborers are and have been very peaceful and well satisfied. Members of the latest consignment have been unruly from the time of their arrival. A luna had a slight collision with a new Jap yesterday morning. The man was shoved so that he fell and one of his arms was injured. Thereupon 100 of his friends quit work and refusing to listen to anything started for town to place their grievance with the Japanese legation. The walkers were overtaken in Aala and all but four of them agreed to go back and did so.

Last night the cane lawyers went to work again. The agitation went to such length that 81 of the leaders in the strike or trouble were locked in Ewa court house at 9 o'clock at night by the deputy sheriff. There will be hearings today in both the Ewa and Honolulu courts. The Jap with the bad arm will be brought up on the train today and with him will come three witnesses to the affair with the luna.

FOOTBALL TODAY.

Youngsters of High School and Punahou Will Play.

The Punahou fourth team play the High School second team at Punahou this afternoon, the game being called at 3:15. No admission will be charged. Following is the line-up: Punahou—Lawrence Judd, c.; Robbie McWayne, r. g.; Allen Robinson, l. g.; Richard Ahrens, r. t.; Spencer Bowen, l. t.; Allen Jaeger, r. c.; Sammie Mahelona, l. e.; Oliver Lansing, g. b.; Gerrit Judd, l. h.; Willie Ahean, r. h.; Alfred Castle, f. b. Substitutes—Philip Hall, George Farnsworth, Freddie Harrison,

Sherwood Lowrey, Captain, Gerrit P. Judd.

High Schools—Henry Ryan, Fred. Voeler, Alex. Dock, Robert Roe, Willie Ridell, Frank Steel, Hendy Bushnell, Johnnie Colburn, Willie Holt, Edwin Johnson, James Crews, George Robinson, Charlie Brickwood, Ernest Kopke, Edwin La Pierre, Foster Davis, Kenneth Atkinson, Fred. Asche, Clarence Peterson, Clifford White, Captain, Johnnie Colburn. All are under thirteen years but are no kindergarten players.

The practice of both the Punahou and Town football teams for the great championship game on Thanksgiving day continues. Each side is extremely anxious to learn what certain men are doing in the ranks of the opposition. There is considerable curiosity about the Town line-up. This will not be known with certainty till the big day arrives. It is now stated that Carlo Long will not be able to play with Punahou, as he was injured in the game with the Regiments. It is expected that David Dayton, the heavy-weight baseball player will work with collegians.

Mr. Kenny Dined.

A dinner to H. B. M. S. Consul General Kenny was given by Mr. T. Rain Walker in the private dining room of the Hawaiian hotel last evening. The Quintette club furnished music during the progress of the dinner. Those present, besides the guest of honor were Mr. Theo. H. Davies, Professor Maxwell, Mr. Cook, Mr. Monsarrat, Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, Mr. Catton, Dr. McKibbin, Mr. A. S. Cleghorn, Mr. F. M. Swanny, Sir Robert Heron, Mr. May, Mr. Brown, Mr. Baird, Dr. Herbert, Rev. John Osborne, Mr. Kenny sat on the right and Mr. Davies on the left of Mr. T. Rain Walker.

Scenic Postcards.

John F. Humburg was showing to some city friends yesterday a series of Hawaiian scenic postcards that he procured for H. Hackfeld & Co., while in Europe. There are many handsome views executed in the very highest style of the lithographer's art. The scenic cards are now quite a fad all over the world. It was recently noted that an Atlantic liner carried twenty bags of them from Europe. The Hawaiian cards will soon be on sale in retail establishments in this city.

No Chainless Machines.

All of the wheel agents were disappointed yesterday. Of the several who expected chainless bicycles, not one was able to report the arrival of the new 1898 model. The next year's style of chain wheel is in evidence. It differs very slightly from models now in use. The latest high authority to endorse the chainless wheel is a scientific writer for the Iron Age, a technical journal.

Wedded.

Mrs. Eleanor Kaikilani Graham and Hubert Vos, the Dutch artist, were quietly married in St. Paul, Minn., on November 5th, by the Rev. Paul Egler of the Presbyterian church of that city. Mr. Moffat, former United States Consul-General to London and Mr. Samuel R. Thayer, ex-Minister to the Netherlands, were in attendance. Mr. and Mrs. Vos will be in Honolulu on the Australia of the 7th, or the Mariposa of the 16th.

On the Kinau.

Among the arrivals on the Kinau yesterday from the Volcano and way ports were the following: C. Wuttke, F. S. Dodge and daughter, Col. De La Vergne, Mrs. C. A. Long, W. W. Goodale and wife, Mrs. G. K. Wilder, Geo. W. Smith, R. Lishman, C. J. Falk and wife, J. A. McCandless, Geo. F. Renton, Dr. C. A. Peterson, F. Waldron, W. H. Rice, Jr., C. A. Rice, J. M. Horner.

Like Hawaii.

Ex-American Consul to Samoa and Mrs. Churchill returned from the Volcano on the Kinau yesterday and report having had a most delightful time in the realm of Pele. They are infatuated with Hawaii nel.

Mr. N. N. Osburn, well known at Woodstock, Mich., was troubled with a lame back. He was persuaded to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It gave him relief in one night. This remedy is also famous for its cures of rheumatism. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

LOCAL BRIEFITIES.

Sugar, 3 13-16, a slight drop. Glutted today. So say the prophets. She will not have later news.

Joe Marsden was in San Francisco when the Alameda left that port.

Mrs. R. B. Benham and child returned yesterday from the Coast.

It is learned that the firm of Wilder & B. of Hilo, will soon dissolve.

The Alameda brought \$50,000 in gold for the Banking house of Bishop & Co.

Tantalus lots will be sold at auction at the Executive building next Tuesday.

The Hawaiian Planters' Association meets in annual convention on Monday next.

Herr Pastor Isenberg will hold services in the Y. M. C. A. hall on Sunday at 11 a. m.

The Foreign Office is sending copies of Thrum's Annual to all members of the American Congress.

Mrs. Alice Hastings was not able to come by the Alameda. She will be here on the next steamer.

A fine new surgical case from New York has been placed in the operating room at the Queen's Hospital.

A large consignment of lumber for Hilo's new wharf was shipped by the Wilder steamer Hawaii yesterday.

The bicycle patrol is already giving great satisfaction. The work required is done with much greater despatch.

There are in all of the Hawaiian Islands seventy-six licensed physicians. One is a Chinese. There are several Japanese.

Members of the finance committee of the royalist "On to Washington" movement were not smiling very broadly last evening.

The engagement is announced of Miss Maude L. Barnum of Kawaiahae seminary and Edwin Benner of Castle & Cooke's.

The plover hunters are hoping for trade winds again, saying that the birds have taken to the highest hills for the present.

The schooner Moi Wahine came in from Hamakua last night with nine lepers. They were taken out to the receiving station.

The American League has decided to present an address to Senator Pettigrew before the departure of that gentleman for the States.

A large assortment of toys, games and fancy goods, just to hand and now ready for inspection, are offered to the trade by H. Hackfeld & Co.

E. R. Folsom, the new customs appraiser is deep in the duties of his position. Mr. Folsom's family will join him from California in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Irwin are now spending their time between Philadelphia and New York. Mr. Giffard is informed they will be home early in January.

Another assessment on Oahu plantation stock has been called in. It is for 10 per cent and makes a total of \$45 to the share. Payment is expected by December 15.

A Hawaiian edition of the Mormon Bible is to be published from this office. It will make a volume of 800 pages. J. M. Poeppoe and an assistant are doing the translating.

The new mill for Honoum plantation built at the Honolulu Iron Works will be shipped out early next week. In the meantime it is on exhibition by Manager Hedemann.

Kapea, the man on trial for the murder of Dr. Smith, has gained in weight since his capture and seems not at all worried by the seriousness of the charge that hangs over him.

Castle & Cooke, Ltd., has elected the following officers: President, J. B. Atherton; vice-president, Geo. P. Castle; secretary, E. D. Tenney; treasurer, W. A. Bowen; auditor, J. B. Castle.

P. C. Jones writes that he has practically completed all arrangements for the opening of his new bank here January 1 and that he and Mrs. Jones will be home by the Coptic next week.

Ewa Plantation Company elected officers yesterday as follows: J. B.

THE
GENERAL CATALOGUE
AND
BUYERS' GUIDE
ISSUED SEMI-ANNUALLY BY
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
THE GREAT MAIL ORDER HOUSE.
Chicago, U. S. A.
IS THE MOST COMPLETE IN THE WORLD

It has more than 14,000 illustrations, about 40,000 quotations of prices, weighs 2 1/2 pounds, and contains over 100 pages. Everything you want or use is listed in it; and the prices quoted place you in a position to buy from us in large or small quantities, at wholesale prices. We do not sell this General Catalogue and Buyers' Guide; we give it away. To introduce to you our immense facilities we will send free of charge to you or any other foreign resident our "Buyers' Guide," and our "Hand Book for Foreign Buyers," which gives all information necessary to put you in touch with our methods. Send us your address and we'll do the rest.

Montgomery Ward & Co.,
111 to 120 Michigan Ave., Chicago, U. S. A.

JUST ARRIVED
A FRESH SUPPLY OF
Bavarian Beer
(P. TENBRAEU) and
Bohemian Beer
(H. B. S. N. E. R.)
In Quarts and Pints.
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.
1916-31T

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

40 Years the Standard.
LEWIS & CO.,
Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

Atherton, president; J. A. Hopper, vice-president; E. D. Tenney, secretary; W. A. Bowen, treasurer and J. B. Castle, auditor.

Among the people who will leave on the Mauna Loa today are: H. Page and Captain Curtis for the Volcano and C. H. Sawyer, Miss Kopke, C. W. Dickey and bride, C. H. Dickey and wife, H. W. Dickey and L. Chong.

More than \$1,000 has been pledged by gentlemen who wish to have horse races at Kapiolani Park oftener than the Jockey Club cares to arrange for a meeting. Repairs will include raising the turns and properly leveling portions of the two stretches.

Senator A. Hocking and wife are home in Hawaii again after a notable wedding trip. After being married at the Arlington hotel in this city a year and a half ago they left for a tour and since have been in Europe and all over the United States. The Senator and Mrs. Hocking are glad to be in the Islands again and will soon leave for their Maui home, where Mr. Hocking has large interests.

Money-back dealing is organized honesty—safety if you prefer it.

Your money back if you don't like *Schilling's Best* baking powder and tea.

A Schilling & Company San Francisco 2101

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every finker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

Dr. Russell's
H. F. WICHMAN
BOX 342.

THE REGINA MUSIC BOX

ALL THE FAMILY ENJOYS IT

Plays your own selection of tunes. Over 1,000 tunes to select from.

THE BEST MUSIC BOX MADE.

We have just received a new invoice of the several styles. Write for Catalogue and prices.

Wall, Nichols Company
SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

TIMELY TOPICS

NOVEMBER 12, 1897.

BURGLARS Are having quite a good time in Honolulu just now. So accustomed are we to take up a daily paper and find an account of another "Darling Robbery" that it is quite a disappointment after carefully going through the news of the day to find no mention of the usual crime.

Just who is responsible for this state of things is an open question. It is all very well to throw reason to the winds and accuse our police force of incapacity, etc., but the true cause is to be found nearer home. There are many persons who would not think of a criminal act, were temptation not placed in their way by the incautious acts of many of our citizens. Valuables are allowed to lie about in all places and at all times, and no care whatever is taken to secure them from curious eyes.

The true remedy is in a nutshell—or rather in a Safe. The old excuse of "too expensive" does not hold now-a-days. We carry a selection of safes made by the first manufacturers in the United States in no less than 6 sizes, from the \$15 "Baby" to preserve the family jewels, books, etc., to the largest office safe. All sizes are equally well made, strong and beautiful.

No one can afford to be without one—a safeguard alike from fire and the enterprising burglar.

Call and inspect at

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.
286 FORT ST.

Nature's
Digestive
Agent.

If your digestion is poor, your health most certainly will soon be impaired. The food not being properly digested causes the stomach to be overworked and deranged. When this occurs the whole system becomes affected.

Dr. Russell's
The greatest benefactor for all derangements of the system is DR. RUSSELL'S PEPSIN-CALISAYA BITTERS. As a remedy for those suffering with dysentery or chronic diarrhoea, its value cannot be overestimated.

Pepsin
It will give strength to the stomach, invigorating to the liver, tonic to the bowels and correct digestion. As a tonic and builder, this valuable remedy stands unsurpassed.

Calisaya
The best proof of the virtue in a preparation is the results obtained by taking it. The remarks from those taking the remedy speak very highly of it.

Bitters.

Try a bottle and tone up your system, which will enable you to do your labors with ease and comfort.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.
SOLE AGENTS.

A DEAD PATIENT

Was Brought to a Doctor From the Pali.

Fall of 500 Feet—Broken and Bruised—Physician's Hard Ride. Laborers Seem Afraid.

Coolies from the Pali grade brought to a Japanese physician of the city yesterday a dead man for a patient. The body was that of a laborer who had a tumble of nearly 500 feet. He was working with a heavy wooden bar when the accident overtook him.

A few minutes after 7 o'clock yesterday morning, Dr. J. T. Wayson received a rush message from the Pali camp of Wilson & Whitehouse. With a case of emergency instruments, bandages, lotions and narcotics the doctor made a quick ride up Nuuanu valley. When Dr. Wayson reached the scene Henry Crane and others were calling to the Japs bringing up the injured man to hurry with their burden. The rescue task had been a heavy one, as the fall was almost sheer.

An examination of a moment disclosed the fact that there was not the slightest hope for the man. His skull was fractured in two or three places, his left arm was broken at the wrist, several ribs on the left side were broken and there were severe bruises on the face, head, shoulders, breast and lower extremities. The poor laborer was a mass of fresh, bleeding wounds. He was not able to move and groaned but slightly. The physician from the city did all that was necessary and stated that the man could not live an hour. The Japanese were willing to believe this, they said, but wanted it confirmed by one of their own nationality. The man was on a hastily constructed stretcher and his friends started for town with him at a brisk trot. They had proceeded but a couple of miles when they were overtaken by white men from the camp and it was seen that the patient was quite dead. Nevertheless the body was brought for treatment and soon ordered buried.

All the laborers at the Pali have been warned hundreds of times to be careful, but the repeated lectures seem to do no good. They are very reckless. The manner of this man's death was like the fall of the pictured Irishman sitting at the slim end of the limb of a tree and sawing it in two. He stood on a heavy rock and after some picking applied his wooden lever. The weight responded to power and the Jap went tumbling backwards with the bar in his hands. With this he parted company quite early.

The first drop made by the man was no less than 50 feet. This alone was more than likely sufficient to kill him. He kept on tumbling, raising a flood of loose dirt and stones. His last heavy fall was over a cliff about ten feet high. Companions rushed down at once. They were so affected by the accident that there was no getting them to work the remainder of the day.

Henry Crane fell from within three yards of where the Jap started yesterday a short time ago. He managed to get on his back and by use of arms and legs stopped himself and saved his life.

TWO MINUTES.

This is the Mile Record Manoa Will Try to Make.

John Sylva (Manoa Wonder), will attempt to make a mile in two minutes on his bicycle at Cyclomere track at 5:00 tomorrow evening. He will be paced by three tandems, manned as follows:

Lishman and Harvey.
Whitman and Trilby Fowler.
Jones and Sylvester.

The mile has been made by Sylva in a very few seconds over two minutes. He claims that if given the pace he will cover the distance in even time.

There will be no charge for admission to the grounds tomorrow evening to see the exhibition. All the regular track officials will be present so that the record can be authenticated. After the record is established by Manoa it may be that some of the other speed merchants, perhaps Sharrick, will undertake to lower it. The best mile made in competition on the track was by Damon in his match with Tom King, 2:21. In practice Damon did the distance in 2:11 1-5.

NEW LOCAL BOAT.

Big and Fast Boat Likely to Succeed Australia.

The Australia is to be replaced within a year by a newly built steamer for the Spreckels local route from San Francisco to Honolulu. That is what a man "on the inside" declared yesterday. He is connected in a prominent and responsible position with the Oceanic Company and has been connected with it for a long time. This is what he offers on the subject:

"Goodall, Perkins & Co. must have a big steamer of American register for the Alaska trade in the spring. The Australia is the only available craft and they will have her at any price.

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New Pacific Line.

Beginning Sunday, October 31, a new steamship service was inaugurated from Portland, Oregon, to Yokohama and Shanghai and Hong Kong. The line will be run in connection with the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. Three steamships will constitute the service—the Braemar, the Mogul and the Pelican. They will leave Portland in the order named approximately every three weeks. The new trans-Pacific service will be known as the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, Portland Line.

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After the regular weekly prayer meeting at the Central Union Church lecture room last evening the teachers of the Sunday school classes held a meeting. There were between twenty and thirty persons present. The show-ers kept away a number.

It has been the custom of the Central Union Sabbath school for many years to observe Christmas with suitable celebration and to make gifts to outside objects instead of having presents for the children. This plan will be carried out again next month.

On the Sunday before Christmas there will be special services at the church in the morning. Then on Thursday, the 23rd inst., there will be a festival of some sort in the lecture room. There will be a musical and literary program with perhaps some very unusual novelties and refreshments will be served. A committee will go to work at once on the attractions for the evening.

The Christmas presents of the Sabbath School this year will be divided. The vote last evening was to remember the pastors and families of the native churches and to do something handsome for Palama Chapel and its big contingent of children, many of whom are not so fortunately associated for Santa Claus purposes as most of the children of Central Union School. All the details are to be left to a committee, of which Mr. J. B. Atherton is chairman. Mrs. F. J. Lowrey made a general report on this plan last evening and the vote for it was unanimous. Sam'l T. French presided at the meeting of the teachers.

At the prayer meeting the topic was "Handling Business Religiously." There were several speakers besides the pastor. The idea brought out and dwelt upon was that Christianity could be carried into the everyday affairs of the business world, having an effect on all transactions and the relations of employer and employed.

Even Kansas Has Prosperity.

TOPEKA, (Kas.), October 24.—Three hundred and seventy-four out of the 382 private and State banks of Kansas have made their report to Bank Commissioner John W. Breidenthal, and they have verified his prophecy that the increase in deposits would amount to \$7,000,000. This is an increase over last year of 45 per cent. Mr. Breidenthal attributes it to the wonderful cleaning up of private indebtedness under the squeeze of money-lenders during the past five years, thus leaving the people with a surplus when their great wheat crop was marketed.

Wants Missionaries Out.

LONDON, October 24.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Constantinople says: The Porte has demanded the recall of two American missionaries from the province of Aleppo on the pretext that their mission for the distribution of relief is likely to cause disturbances.

The United States Legation has ignored the demand, and will continue to do so until definite charges are made, being convinced that the demand is merely the first step to a general one asking for the recall of all missionaries.

Less Beet Sugar.

BERLIN, October 21.—The Statistical Beet Sugar Association of Magdeburg makes the following estimates of the production, including molasses, for 1897: Germany, 1,790,000 tons, as compared with 2,821,000 tons in 1896; Austria, 322,000 tons, as compared with 327,000 tons in 1896; France, 751,000 tons, as compared with 703,400 tons in 1896.

New Pacific Line.

Beginning Sunday, October 31, a new steamship service was inaugurated from Portland, Oregon, to Yokohama and Shanghai and Hong Kong. The line will be run in connection with the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. Three steamships will constitute the service—the Braemar, the Mogul and the Pelican. They will leave Portland in the order named approximately every three weeks. The new trans-Pacific service will be known as the Northern Pacific Steamship Company, Portland Line.

DR. LAMONT'S STRONG FINGERS.

"I was afraid you were going to slip through my fingers," said good old Dr. Lamont.

The writer was a boy of about seventeen, then. While a student at school, more than 300 miles from home, I had taken down with pneumonia. I had a tough time, and for two or three weeks my life was despaired of. But youth and good care won the fight, and one bright morning I was ready to go home with my dear father who had come for me. I was weak still, but well and happy clear up to the brim. Oh, what a ride! Oh, what sweet air!

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by the Iron bark "Paul Isenberg" and "J. O. Pfleger" from Europe and by number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Such as Prints, Ginghams, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regattas, Drills, Mosquito Netting, Curtains, Lawns.

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.

IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT.

Silvestras, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meltons, Serge, Kammgarns, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining and Seiler Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Causic Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square and Arch Firebricks, Lubricating Grease.

Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails (18 and 20), Railroad Bolts, Spikes and Fishplates.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks. Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at the Lowest Prices by

H. HACKFELD & CO.

Metropolitan Meat Company

No. 607 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

Shipping and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

RUBBER STAMPS

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil;
1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.

CITY JEWEL RANGE.
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.
HONOLULU.

HERE THEY ARE!

Just to hand per Bgtne. W. G. Irwin:

Reed Chairs and Rockers.

EXTENSION TABLES, CHEFFONERS, BOOKCASES.

We have chairs and tables of good quality, to hire for balls, parties or entertainments.

J. HOPP & CO.
Furniture Dealers.
KING AND BETHEL STREETS.

Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY
Nassau and Queen Streets.

CLARKE'S Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scrofuly Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietor solicits sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

GARDENS TO PAY

Department Bulletin Gives Advice on Culture.

A Number of Questions Answered.
Knowledge Gained From Experience—Difficulties.

It is the writer's intention in the near future to let you into the secret of how to live in comfort and luxury on fifty dollars a month, with an ordinary family, say four, five or even six.

Cocoanut trees.—Five years ago, Hugh McIntyre imported 2,000 Samoan nuts for E. Lindemann, which the latter planted along the sea coast at Wailua, Kauai. Today he has 2,000 cocoanut trees in bearing and some of them had fruit when only four years old.

Mr. Lindemann says, that in some places he had to dig holes in the rocks to get the nuts planted. As copra and cocoanut it is in great demand, the product of each tree is worth one dollar per year on at a very low estimate, fifty cents per tree as at Wailua. You have \$1000 net, or say you value the tree (six years old) at ten dollars. There you have \$20,000 worth of property.

Mrs. Lindemann has now gone East to sell this year's crop. These are no fancy coffee figures, but facts. You can get one of these beautiful Samoan cocoanuts, sprouted, of Hugh McIntyre for twenty-five cents. They are worth five dollars. If you have a place to plant them, they will increase the value of your lot. After you get them growing, these little cocoa palms are worth a dozen of the almost worthless trees (with fictitious names) that you get from the Government nursery for nothing.

The cocoanut is destined to become one of the most valuable products to civilized man.

There is a tendency amongst educated people to cease using animal fats, as it leads to disease. Through recent perfection of methods, the fatty oil from the copra is manufactured into a healthy substitute for animal fats, and the demand is greater than the supply, for culinary purposes.

We eat too much beef and too little fruits and vegetables.

If we should have a beef famine for a few months, it would be a good thing all around, except of course, for the beef Trust and the doctors.

Japanese Beetle.—Complaints continue to come from all parts of the Islands telling of the spread of the Japanese beetle. Wherever you have sake or sol tubs, or any kind of Japanese goods wrapped in heavy matting, you will have bugs and beetles and, after their arrival, they are as industrious as the little brown man himself.

Keep plants clean.—Whale oil soap will keep your rose bushes and other blooming plants, fresh and clean.

Sulphur and potash spread on top of the ground under the plants and bushes, will keep off the insects and fertilize the land.

MINIATURE YACHTS.

The Regatta Was a Great Success.
Followed by a Feast.

The members of the Hui Moku Lilihi Hawaii were out in great numbers at the King's boat house Tuesday morning to witness the race between the rival miniature yachts of which there were ten.

The course was from the Healan boat house to the lighthouse and then to the bell buoy and return. E. Liliikalani, Kahulu and Wm. Hakalaan acted as Judges. There was light wind and the yachts made very slow progress.

Kaual's "Healan" came in first, taking 3 hours and 15 minutes to cover the course. The prize was the cup offered by Queen Dowager Kapioani, besides \$7 in money. Prince Cupid Kalaniana'ole's yachts "Lady L. No. 1" and "Lady L. No. 2" came in second and third, receiving prizes of \$15 and \$10 respectively. "D. I. I. K." owned by Prince Kawanakoa, came in fourth and received \$5 in prize money. Mahuka's boat came in fifth with a prize of \$2.50 and the six remaining were awarded "save stakes."

After the race, a luau was given at the Queen Dowager's place in Honua-kaha where quite a large number of people assembled.

The yachts are fine specimens of workmanship and hours of hard work and thought have been spent in their construction. It is probable that some of the yachts will be on show soon.

Made Girl Friends.

The Princess Kaiulani was a welcome visitor at St. Andrew's Priory on Monday. The pupils presented bouquets and leis to the caller and had quite a social time with her for half an hour. The Princess said she thought the pleasantest recollections of her earliest days at school were the holidays. On this account she asked the sisters to give the scholars an outing and there was ready compliance with the request.

Steam Launch Ordered.

D. G. Camarinos, the fruit man, will send by the Australia today, an order for a steam launch, to carry at least twenty-five people, this to be made by a friend of his in California. Mr. Camarinos finds the shore boats too slow for the business he has to transact aboard the various vessels in port and thinks that he can do better with a steam launch. This will be used as a pleasure as well as a business craft.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

CAMBRIDGE (Mass.), October 21. Justin Winsor, LL. D., Librarian of Harvard and first president of the American Library Association, died today.

BERLIN, October 22.—Prince Bismarck's throat, it is announced in a dispatch from Friederichshagen, has been affected by the recent bad weather, and he is unable to take his usual out-of-door exercise.

WASHINGTON, October 22.—The President gave a public reception today, at which a large number of callers paid their respects to him in the east room. Among them was Miss Cossio y Cisneros, the escaped Cuban girl. She was accompanied by Mrs. John A. Logan.

NEW YORK, October 23.—A Herald dispatch from Washington says: Official orders were given today to the commanding officers of the cruiser Alert, now at San Jose, Guatemala, and the gunboat Newport, directing them to assist the Nicaraguan Canal Commission by surveying Brito harbor and Greytown harbor respectively.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25.—John Sartain, the eminent artist and engraver, died this morning at the home of his daughter. He was 89 years of age.

PEKING, October 25.—The negotiations of the Chinese Government with the Hookey syndicate for a loan of \$16,000,000 (\$80,000,000), have fallen through and the Government is now negotiating with the Hongkong and Shanghai bank.

HAVANA, October 25.—Private advices here confirm the report that General Castillo, the well known insurgent leader, has been killed in an engagement with the Spanish troops. His body was carried to La Chorrera, four miles distant from this city, where it was interred.

LONDON, October 25.—The Lorrillard-Beresford stable's three-year-old chestnut colt Quibble II, by Sensation, out of Quandy, won the Newmarket maiden plate today. There were six starters. Colgardie finished second and Bonfide third. Quibble II was ridden by Ted Sloan, the American jockey.

DETROIT, October 27.—Dr. Alexander Milton Ross of Montreal, a famous Canadian scientist and physician, died in this city today at his son's residence, aged 65 years. During the war Dr. Ross was employed by President Lincoln as confidential correspondent in Canada.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—Vice-Consul Springer at Havana has telegraphed the State Department that the Spanish authorities have pardoned Frank Agramonte and Tomas Julio Saenz, two Americans citizens, who have been imprisoned at Santiago de Cuba since June, 1895.

WASHINGTON, October 27.—The term of enlistment of Professor Fancullif, the leader of the United States Marine Band, will expire with the present month, and he will be succeeded by Leader Zimmerman of the Naval Academy Band at Annapolis.

Police officers shot 19 dogs in the pound yesterday. The good work will continue.

Ayer's

Cherry

Pectoral

For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, and Incipient Consumption, no remedy approaches Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It has long been the most popular and successful anodyne expectorant in Pharmacy, and is everywhere approved and recommended by the Faculty. It soothes the inflamed membrane, breaks up irritating mucus, allays coughing, and induces repose. As a family emergency medicine, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral takes the lead. For the relief and cure of croup, whooping-cough, sore throat, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, it is invaluable. No household is quite secure without

Ayer's

Cherry

Pectoral.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.
Gold Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

Beware of cheap imitations. The name—Ayer's Cherry Pectoral—is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle.

AGENTS FOR HAWAIIAN ISLANDS:
HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY
Limited.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Hands and Hair Produced by

Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with itching palms and shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES.

Sold throughout the world. Porter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. British depot: F. Newbery & Sons, London. Send for "How to Cleanse, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," a book of intensely interesting matter to Ladies, post free.

HOLLISTER & CO.

Tobacconists,

Cor. Fort & Merchant Sts.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Havana Cigars

FROM THE FACTORIES OF

La Intimidad,

La Espanola,

La Africana,

Henry Clay & Bock & Co

G. N. WILCOX, President.

J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.

E. SUHR, Secretary and Treasurer.

T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.

.....POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467.....

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND:—

PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,

NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,

SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.

All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.

For further particulars apply to

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

ROBERT CATTON.

212 Queen Street, Honolulu.

AGENT FOR

THE MIRRLEES, WATSON & YARYAN CO., LD.

..... Sugar Machinery

WATSON, LAIDLAW & CO.....

Centrifugals and Cream Separators.

JOHN FOWLER & CO. (LEEDS), LD.....

Steam Ploughs and Portable Railway.

THE RISDON IRON WORKS.....General Engineering.

MARCUS MASON & CO., Coffee and Rice Machinery.

J. HARRISON CARTER.....Disintegrators.

Vapo-Cresolene Cures while you Sleep

Whooping Cough, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Colds.

Cresolene when vaporized in the sick room will give immediate relief. Its curative powers are wonderful, at the same time preventing the spread of contagious diseases by acting as a powerful disinfectant, harmless to the youngest child. Sold by druggists. Valuable booklet free.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., HONOLULU, H. I. Agents.

New Goods

—FOR—

Warm Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

Fancy Swiss, Organdies

—AND—

Muslin Dress Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per cent. above this.

Equipoise Waists!

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu. Marseilles spreads, new design, from \$2.50 to \$12. New linings for organdies just received.

B. F. Ehlers & Co.

FORT STREET.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also, furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric Power being used, saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also, attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER WORKS CO.

(Limited.)

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts

Hollister & Co.

—AGENTS—

C. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer

212 KING ST. TEL. 119

Family, Plantation and Ship's Stores Supplied on Short Notice.

New goods by every steamer. Orders from the other Islands faithfully executed.

J. S. WALKER,

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands.

Royal Insurance Company,

Alliance Assurance Company, Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELM OF MADGEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY.

San Francisco Insurance Company of Canada

Scottish Union and National Union.

Room 12, Sprackels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR

FIRE, LIFE and MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, \$3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1896,

\$12,954,532.

	£	s	d
1- Authorized Capital	£3,000,000	0	0
Subscribed	2,750,000	0	0
2- Paid up Capital	2,600,000	12	0
3- Fire Fund	9,000,182	2	8
4- Life and Annuity Funds	£12,954,532	14	8

Revenue Fire Branch..... 1,577,028 17 9

Revenue Life and Annuity 1,404,507 9 11

Branches..... 22,981,536 7 8

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gen. Agts.

CASTLE & COOKE

IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF BOSTON.

Etna Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000

Capital their reinsurance companies 101,650,000

Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,850,000

Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000

Total reichsmarks 43,850,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

FOR A NEW CLUB

Temporary Organization
Effected at a Meeting.

Thirty-nine Names on the Call—No
Name Yet—Two Important
Committees Appointed

A preliminary meeting to consider the advisability of forming a Social Club was held at Charles Lind's on Nuuanu street last evening, pursuant to a call recently issued and the details of which have been already published in the Advertiser.

Mr. Lind having declined the position of temporary chairman, James T. Copeland was unanimously elected with Walter Brash as temporary secretary.

Thirty-nine names appearing on the call and the statement being made that at least twelve more had promised to join the club after its organization, it was on motion of Horace Wright and Charles Lind, decided to organize a social club, the name to be selected at a future meeting.

A committee consisting of A. B. Scrimgeour, E. B. Thomas, J. Monkhouse, A. V. Gear and J. D. Conn was then appointed to enquire as to procuring a club hall and necessary furniture, to report to a meeting to be held on Wednesday, the 24th inst.

A committee to secure additional names for membership was appointed consisting of E. B. Thomas, Frank Metcalf and W. J. Maxwell to act with James Monkhouse, Walter Brash and Charles Lind.

Charles Lind was appointed temporary treasurer and Horace Wright a committee to prepare the prospectus for canvassing. A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Lind for the use of his premises and the meeting adjourned to Wednesday next, when all interested are invited to attend.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Senator Edward O. Wolcott of Colorado and General Charles J. Pine, two of the Monetary Commissioners appointed by President McKinley to confer with European Governments concerning the feasibility of establishing international bimetalism, arrived here tonight on the steamship Campania. The other Commissioner, ex-Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson, will return on a later vessel.

WASHINGTON, November 6.—A convention between the United States, Russia and Japan looking to the joint protection of the seals was signed at the State Department today at 12:15 p. m. It will require the ratification of the Senate to become effective.

LONDON, November 8.—According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, the Emperor of China and the Board of Revenue have approved a memorial presented in favor of establishing a gold standard and prohibiting the export of gold. It is doubtful, however, whether this will have any practical result.

NEW YORK, November 8.—General James C. Duane, 73 years old, a member of the Aqueduct Commission, died at his home here today of apoplexy. General Duane was a graduate of West Point in the class of 1848, and was instructor of the United States Military Academy from 1858 until the breaking out of the Civil War, in the engineering department. He served with distinction in the Army of the Potomac.

PRINCETOWN, N. J., November 9.—Today's practice developed the fact that the Tigers are in splendid condition, but they have begun to realize that Yale is not the unknown quantity she appeared to be a few weeks ago. The students and football men believe that Yale will be defeated, but no chances from overconfidence are being taken.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., November 9.—The secret practice of Harvard's eleven this afternoon was distinctly encouraging. In spite of the slippery condition of the field the play was full of snap. The sale of tickets for the game was opened this morning. Two hours later every ticket was sold.

NEW YORK, November 9.—Rear Admiral Alexander Golden Rhind, United States Navy, is dead at his home in this city. He had been confined to his bed for five weeks.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—The Cabinet today gave considerable attention to the ice-bound Behring Sea whaling fleet. Two plans have been decided upon—one, to send the Bear from Seattle, which cannot be got ready for two weeks, and another to send the Thrasher, the whaling vessel now at San Francisco.

BERLIN, November 10.—It is rumored that negotiations have been commenced between France and Germany for joint diplomatic action, and, if necessary, naval action, on account of the recent outrages upon missionaries in China.

ONTARIO, November 10.—The Star this afternoon says: The President has decided on the appointment of Charles Page Bryan of Chicago as Minister to China in succession to Charles Denby.

NEW YORK, November 10.—Charles A. Dana died a millionaire. He left property valued at between \$1,000,000 and \$1,250,000. All the property except his stock in the Sun, which is held in trust for her by Paul Dana, is left to his widow. His handsome home on Long Island Sound, his most valuable holding, is entirely free from encumbrances.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—President McKinley today received Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Premier of Canada, in

the blue room at the White House. Secretary Sherman introduced Sir Wilfrid, who was accompanied by Sir Julian Pauncefote, British Ambassador, Sir Louis Davies and Professor Thompson, the British seal expert. The visit was entirely formal.

Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,
San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, United States Navy.

Notice to Mariners.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,
San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 8, 1897.

The Government of Chile gives notice that a new light house showing a white revolving light will be put in operation today at Chanaral on the coast of Chile. The position of the light is Lat. S. 29 deg. Long. W. 71 deg. 36 min.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Chronicle of November 11 says: The steamer Claudine called yesterday for Honolulu and Mahukona with an assorted cargo.

A steamer from China and Japan on the 19th and another bound for ports of those countries on the 25th will rather break into the holidays of the quarantine and Chinese bureau officials.

The O. S. S. Alameda, Van Oterendorp commander, arrived in port shortly after 8 a. m. yesterday, about 7 days and 18 hours from San Francisco. She brought a large number of passengers for this port.

The American barkentine S. N. Castle, Hubbard master, arrived in port shortly after noon yesterday, 14 days from San Francisco with a cargo of 850 tons of general merchandise consigned to W. G. Irwin & Co. as well as 301 hogs and a horse. The Castle experienced very good weather.

The James Makee made very quick time from Nawiliwili on her last trip. She left that port at 5 p. m., on Wednesday and arrived here at 2:30 a. m. yesterday. It was the fastest trip ever made by the Makee and considering the very rough weather encountered, amounting almost to a Kona, the record is all the better. Captain Tullet is quite proud of his boat.

BORN.

GALBRAITH—In Honolulu, to the wife of John Galbraith, a daughter.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

Tuesday, November 16.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

Wednesday, November 17.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kahuku, Oahu.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, from Oahu ports.

Thursday, November 18.

O. S. S. Alameda, Van Oterendorp, from San Francisco.

Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, Hubbard, from San Francisco.

Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, from Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Kapaa.

Stmr. Kinau, Clarke, from Maui and Hawaii ports.

DEPARTURES.

Tuesday, November 16.

Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, for Kauai ports.

Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, for Nawiliwili, Hanalei, Kilauea, Kalihui and Hanalei.

Stmr. Kilauea Hou, Welr, for Kilauea and Oahu.

Stmr. Lehua, Andrews, for Olowalu, Laupahoehoe, Honohina, Hakalau and Peapepe.

Stmr. Helene, Freeman, for Maui ports.

Wednesday, November 17.

O. S. S. Australia, Houdlette, for San Francisco.

Stmr. Hawaii, MacDonald, for Hawaii ports.

Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Oahu ports.

Thursday, November 18.

O. S. S. Alameda, Van Oterendorp, for the Colonies.

Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for Oahu ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, for Kapaa.

VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Lahaina, Maiala, Kona and Kau at 10 a. m.

PASSENGERS.

Arrivals.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per Stmr. Mauna Loa November 16—W. A. Wall, H. D. Sloracht, W. H. Hoogs, Lee Wan, Chu Chong Sun, Kee T. Elliott, L. Chong Yuen Chong, Lee Let, D. Canway, H. Lasser, H. W. Dickey, A. K. Forsyth and wife, Mrs. A. Caricket, Miss A. Wood, and 81 on deck.

From Kauai ports, per Stmr. James Makee, November 18—Mrs. F. W. Car-

ter, 2 children and servant, M. Mc-Bryde, J. H. Coney, Paul Isenberg, Jr., and 19 on deck.

From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Mariposa, November 18—L. Marks, wife, two children and nurse, Miss P. McAllister, T. D. McQuarrie, Dr. P. N. Otis and wife, Dr. W. K. Otis, Miss Otis, F. Perry, Miss E. Robson, Mrs. E. A. Rowen, A. O. Stephens, wife and child, H. B. Stone, Mrs. E. A. Williams, Frank Worthing, Miss L. Wren, Mrs. J. E. Barnard, D. M. Barringer and wife, Miss B. Bates, H. D. Blakemore, G. Bosworth, Mrs. R. B. Brenham and child, Geo. Bromley, Hon. H. C. Caldwell and wife, Miss Caldwell, H. Carr, A. Cheek, H. C. Clarke, W. G. Clarke, Miss Adelaide Deming, Miss Alice Deming, W. Enos, T. D. Frawley, G. T. Greig, Miss A. D. Graham, Master Harvey Graham, N. Greig, Miss A. Z. Hadley, Miss Katherine Harrub, A. Hocking and wife, E. N. Holmes, Miss Huff, Miss S. Johnston, J. W. Lee and wife, Wm. Lewers, Mrs. M. Little.

From Maui and Hawaii ports, per Stmr. Kinau, November 18—Volcano: Senator Pettigrew, Ex-Senator Du Bois, W. Churchill and wife, Mrs. Wieser, C. Woutte, E. F. Bishop and wife, Miss M. Walker, F. S. Dodge and daughter, Col. De La Vergne, Mrs. C. A. Long, C. Copp, Jr. and wife, Rev. Judd and wife, H. A. Wilder, Mrs. F. Smith, R. H. Brown, Mrs. E. Duchalsky, J. P. Amaral and wife, Mrs. G. K. Wilder, Chan Mon Ka, Miss Hattie Coan, Geo. W. Smith, R. Lishman, J. G. Searrao, Miss J. M. Barnard, Kikoo, L. L. Mederious, G. J. Falk and wife, J. A. McCandless, Geo. F. Renton, Dr. C. A. Peterson, Miss F. Asam, F. Waldron, W. H. Rice, C. A. Rice, I. Nagasima, A. N. Kepoiak, J. M. Horner, H. Watt, Geo. J. Campbell and 151 deck passengers.

Departures.

For Maui ports, per Stmr. Helene, November 16—N. E. Skinneg, E. Moller and wife, J. Waldvogel, A. B. Lindsay, Wm. Eassie, W. Ottmann, Mrs. Thos. Campbell, Mrs. Anderson and Miss Reuter.

For San Francisco, per O. S. S. Australia, November 17—Mrs. W. G. Ashley and 4 children, Miss C. Torbert, Mrs. Walter Maxwell, 2 children and maid, J. R. Renton, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. G. Bryant, Miss A. E. Newcombe, F. P. Plagemann, H. H. Bull, P. Johnson, H. Clineschmidt, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gardner.

For the Colonies, per O. S. S. Alameda, November 18—Dr. Beyme, Miss Haffter, A. B. Coote, M. Fredericq, Rev. P. Giblin, Miss B. Robinson and A. D. Shepherd.

IMPORTS.

From San Francisco, per O. S. S. Mariposa, November 18—140 cases apples, 70 sacks potatoes, 15 cases onions, 10 cases oranges, 10 cases pears, 110 packages groceries, 1 case coin value \$50.00, consigned to Lewis & Co., H. May & Co., P. G. Camarinos, Geo. Andrews, Bishop & Co.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executor of the last will and testament of Kaleipua Kanoa, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Kaleipua Kanoa, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned at his office on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Cecil Brown.

Honolulu, Nov. 10, 1897.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executor of the last will and testament of Manuel A. Barete, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased: Notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Manuel A. Barete, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned, at the office of Cecil Brown, on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated, Honolulu, Nov. 10, 1897.

RICHARD ANTOINE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of E. W. Holdsworth, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said deceased to present same to Mr. F. M. Swanzy at the office of Messrs. Theo. H. Davies & Co., in Honolulu, Island of Oahu, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment thereof to the said F. M. Swanzy.

Dated at said Honolulu, this 12th day of November, 1897.

EDITH M. W. HOLDSWORTH.

Executrix of the will of said E. W. Holdsworth, deceased.

1916-4w

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

The undersigned having been duly appointed Executrix of the last will and testament of Godfrey Rhodes, late of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons to present their claims against the estate of said Godfrey Rhodes, deceased, duly authenticated, whether secured by mortgage or otherwise, to the undersigned, at the office of Cecil Brown, on Merchant street, Honolulu, Oahu, within six months from the date hereof or they will be forever barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment at the same place.

Dated Honolulu November 2, 1897.

NANCY RHODES.

Executrix of the last will and testament of Godfrey Rhodes, deceased.

BY AUTHORITY.

NOTICE TO DEPOSITORS, P. S. BANK.

All depositors in the Postal Savings Bank are hereby requested to forward their Pass Books to the General Post Office on or before December 20th, 1897, that the interest may be added for the year.

Honolulu, November 15, 1897.

(Signed) JOS. M. OAT,

Postmaster General.

Approved: S. M. DAMON,

(Signed) Minister of Finance.

4766-3t 1916-3tT

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Monday, December 13th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold at auction, tract of Government land at Waihole, Koolau, Oahu, containing 142 acres, a little more or less. Grazing and rice lands.

Upset price—\$2,500.

Terms—Cash. U. S. Gold.

For further particulars apply at the Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,

Agent Public Lands.

Public Lands Office, November 15, 1897.

1916-td

NOVEMBER 28th, being established as a National Holiday, under Act 66 of the Session Laws of 1896, and the same falling on a Sunday this year, SATURDAY, November 27th will be duly observed as such, and all Government offices throughout the Republic will be closed on that day.

JAMES A. KING,

Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, November 11th, 1897.

1915-3t

AUCTION SALE OF AWA LICENSES.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 18, Chapter 64 of the Laws of 1896, one Awa license for each District of the several Islands will be sold at public auction between the first and seventh day of December, 1897.

Each license will be for the term of one year from the first day of January, 1898.

The upset price will be as follows:

For the District of Honolulu.....\$1,000

For the District of Hilo..... 500

For the District of Waikuku..... 500

For the District of Lahaina..... 250

For each other District..... 100

The licenses for the Districts of Honolulu, Koolapo, Koolaula, Waialua and Ewa and Waianae, on the Island of Oahu, will be sold at the front entrance of the Executive Building on FRIDAY, the 3rd day of December, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

Those for the Islands of Hawaii, Maui and Kauai will be sold in the respective Districts of those Islands upon such day and date within the limit of time fixed by law, as shall be designated by the several Sheriffs or their Deputies. Due notice of date and place of sale will be given by posters in each of the said Districts.

A cash deposit of twenty-five per cent. of the amount of the bid will be required upon the fall of the hammer; said deposit to be forfeited to the Government if the full amount of the bid is not paid within five days from the day of sale.

J. A. KING,

Minister of the Interior.

Interior Office, November 3rd, 1897.

1913-4tF

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE First Circuit, Hawaiian Islands.

Ermina Quitigua vs. Vicente Quitigua.

The Republic of Hawaii:

To the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon Vicente Quitigua, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the November Term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 1st day of November next, at ten o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Ermina Quitigua, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition. And have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

Witness Hon. A. W. Carter, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 1st day of October, 1897.

GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

NOTICE.

I certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original summons in said cause, and that said Court ordered publication of the same and continuance of said cause until the next February (1898) term of this Court.

P. D. KELLETT, JR., Clerk.

1913-6tF

NOTICE.

The California Fruit Market (P. G. Camarinos & Co.) will purchase all kinds of produce, fruits and poultry in either large or small quantities. Persons residing on Oahu or any of the other Islands having turkey, chickens, eggs, butter, oranges, limes, alligator pears or any other kind of marketable produce, fruits or poultry, can send the same to them and get the market price.

Honolulu 7th Sept., 1897.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

—AND—

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO: FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:

GALIC	Nov. 19	COPTIC	Nov. 25
DORIC	Dec. 10	RIO DE JANEIRO	Dec. 4
CHINA	Dec. 19	CITY OF PEKING	Dec. 25
PERU	Jan. 8	DORIC	Jan. 4
COPTIC	Jan. 18	BELGIC	Jan. 22
GALIC	Feb. 6	PERU	Feb. 1

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co.

—AGENTS.—

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of powers of sale contained in those two certain mortgages made by Antonio Rosa to the Trustees under the will of William C. Lunaillo, deceased, the first of which said mortgages is dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in the Registry of Conveyances in Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 79, pages 208 and 209; and the second dated May 17, 1884, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 88, pages 186, 187 and 188, the mortgagees intend to foreclose said mortgages for breach of condition in them respectively contained, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments described in said mortgages, and which are the same as described in each of said mortgage respectively, will be sold at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen street in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 11th day of December, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property described in said mortgages respectively are those three several parcels or tracts of land situate in Kalihi, District of Kona, Island of Oahu, and described as follows:

1. All that parcel of land known as Quana, on the south side of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 8 in Land Commission Award 6450, to Kaunuuha no Moehonua, containing an area of 81 acres more or less.

2. All that parcel of land known as Kekuapalau, on the north side of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 9 in Land Commission Award 6450 to Kaunuuha no Moehonua, containing an area of 105 acres more or less.

3. All that parcel of land known as Pohakuwaawa at or near the head of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 10 in Land Commission Award 6450 to Kaunuuha no Moehonua, containing an area of 326 acres more or less.

All of which parcels or tracts of land being the same as described in deed from D. K. Fyfe, the Commissioner, to said Antonio Rosa, dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 79, pages 206, 207 and 208.

The above described tracts of land are adjacent to the city of Honolulu, and being well suited to the cultivation of coffee as well as other products, their sale will afford an exceptional opportunity for the purchase of such land within easy access from Honolulu.

Terms cash. Deeds at the expense of purchasers.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, MARY S. PARKER, HENRY WATERHOUSE, Trustees under will of W. C. Lunaillo, deceased.

Honolulu, November 16, 1897.

For further particulars inquire of William O. Smith, at his office, on Fort street, Honolulu.

1916-td

MORTGAGEE'S NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FORECLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in that certain mortgage made by Antonio Jose, of Honolulu, Island of Oahu, to J. N. Emerson of said Honolulu, dated May 20, 1897, recorded in the Hawaiian Registry of Conveyances in Liber 139, pages 87 and 88, and assigned to Chang Kim on October 15, 1897, the assignee of said mortgage intends to foreclose said mortgage for breach of condition in said mortgage contained, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments described in said mortgage will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen street, in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 4th day of December, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property covered by said mortgage is all of that parcel or tract of land situate in Kalihi, District of Kona, Island of Oahu, being a portion of the land described in Royal Patent 1204, L. C. A. 681, containing an area of one and 40-100 acres, more or less, and the same premises conveyed to said mortgagee by deed of W. H. Cummings, dated June 22, 1891, recorded in said Registry in Liber 133, pages 94-5.

Terms: Cash. Deeds at expense of purchasers.

Assignee of Mortgage.

Charles F. Peterson, attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

Dated Honolulu, November 4, 1897.

1913-4tF